Advertising
Is the strongest link in the chain which connects buyer and seller.

Victoria Times.

A Catchy Advertisement
In an evening paper is like a rainbow in the East. It is a bright pledge of to-morrow's business sunshine.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1895. No. 58

If You are Critical

In the matter of selecting your JEWELRY, we would ask you to run your eye over our stock. Only the most elegant, chaste and modern designs are to be found there.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

Style

Latest Novelties and Newest Creations in Ladies' Waists and Shirts.

At The Westside, 70 Government St.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Armour's ★ Star ★ HAMS AND BACON.

Bacon sliced and beautifully packed in 1 pound boxes.

VERY DELICIOUS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

NEW GOODS

Just received 2 Cases WOOLENS AND WORSTEDS.

This is an early shipment of our Spring and Summer order and comprises Fashionable Spring Fabrics in New Shades and Patterns.

See these Goods and get our prices.

A. Gregg & Son, TAILORS 62 YATES STREET

If your Grocer is out of Keewatin ....Flour....

INSIST on his getting it for you and TAKE NO OTHER

LORD ROSEBERY MAY RESIGN

Unable to Hold the Premiership Without Causing Friction in the Party.

Arthur Wellesley Peel Resigns the Speakership of the House of Commons.

London, March 9.—The St. James' Gazette says it is rumored that Roseberry will seek rest and health by resigning his office, which he is unable to hold without friction.

The Times learns that Speaker Arthur Wellesley Peel has intimated to Sir Wm. Harcourt and Rt. Hon. Mr. Balfour his intention to relinquish his office as soon as the post can be filled. His main reason is that his health is unequal to the strain. The impending marriage of his daughter, moreover, will deprive him of his chief assistant at his many social functions.

A dispatch to the Daily News from Cairo says the government has learned that natives have recently purchased large quantities of arms and ammunition. Measures are being taken to suppress any attempted uprising.

Rt. Hon. Henry Campbell-Bannerman, secretary of state for war, issued the army estimates for 1895 to-day. They are placed at £17,983,800, a decrease of £221,000 from the figures of 1894.

The bust of the late Peter Redpath was shipped to-day. It is destined to be placed in the library of McGill university.

The Daily Chronicle correspondent says "Under the Pope's direction Cardinal Rampolla has addressed a letter to Prince Alois Liechtenstern, chief of the Austrian anti-Semites, to the effect that His Holiness cannot approve of class and racial hatred. The anti-Semites, the letter says, foment a social agitation which ought to be limited by Christian principle. It is rumored that the pope will recall the Nuncio in Vienna, who favors the anti-Semites."

"Yes" remarked Mrs. Malaprops, "it was a great sight. First came the king carrying a skeptic in his hand and wearing a beautiful red mantle all trimmed with vermin. It was a grand sight."

That Prescription
Should be prepared with the purest Drugs by a competent Pharmacist. We promise you this.
John Cochrane,
Prescription Druggist,
Successor to Cochrane & Munn,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

MONEY TO LOAN
In large or small amounts on approved security.
MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELS will be sold at 10c. each to-night at Sampson's Book Exchange, cor. Douglass and Johnson streets. mr9-1t

FOR SALE—Prince of Wales Saloon License. Apply 15 North Park street. mr9-2t

FOR MEN ONLY—Pants to order, $3.50, at Thomas & Grant's 61 Broad street. mr9-2t

HO FOR LEECH RIVER!—Wanted, a partner. Found, a place to work. Pat Murphy, Times office. mar.9-1t

WANTED TO BORROW, a few hundred dollars on city property on Mainland. Address W. M., Box 507, City. mar.9-1t

YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL CLUB.

A meeting of the above Association will be held in Pioneer Hall, Broad Street, on

Tuesday Evening, March 12th, at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is earnestly requested. An election of officers not yet appointed will be held, and other important matters will come before the meeting.

C. A. GREGG, Secretary.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between John Cochrane and Henry A. Munn, doing business as druggists under the firm name of Cochrane & Munn, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by John Cochrane, who will assume the liabilities and collect the debts of the late firm.

JOHN COCHRANE.
H. A. MUNN.
Witness: J. Holland.

In retiring from the above partnership I would bespeak for Mr. Cochrane a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon the late firm.

H. A. MUNN.

ANDREW SHERET,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
Late of Oriental Alley, has removed to 14 FORT ST. Estimates given on sewerage connections. mar. 8-1m.

OSCAR WILDE'S SUIT.

Marquis of Queensberry Formally Committed for Trial To-day.

London, March 9.—The hearing of the libel suit of Oscar Wilde against the Marquis of Queensberry was held to-day. Wilde gave his name as Oscar Bangor O'Flaherty Wills Wilde and said he was an author and dramatist. A letter from the Marquis was submitted by Wilde's solicitors containing other libels. The lawyer for the Marquis declared that his client had merely exercised a father's privileges in seeking to protect his son from Wilde. The Marquis took the stand and admitted writing the postal card on which the proceedings are based and said he did it to bring matters to a head as he had been unable to see Wilde otherwise. Prior has been released on bail and the Marquis of Queensberry formally committed for trial.

JAPAN IS NOT READY.

Li Hung Chang Waiting at Shanghai at Japan's Request.

London, March 9.—A Tokio dispatch states that the government is informed by the Japanese general in command of the troops that captured Ying Kao that every precaution has been taken to insure the safety of foreigners at that place. A force of Japanese were sent to protect foreign settlements and the Chinese were forbidden to enter the said settlements. He says the officers of the American and British warships thanked him for these precautions.

A Shanghai dispatch says that the departure of Li Hung Chang has been delayed at the request of the Japanese who will not be ready to receive him until March 19th. Chang expects to arrive at Hiroshima on that day.

DOMINION POLITICS.

Dalton McCarthy Nominated by the Conservatives of North Simcoe.

Winnipeg, March 9.—The Liberals of Marquette have nominated R H. Myers for the commons.

Toronto, March 9.—The North Simcoe Conservative convention has nominated Dalton McCarthy. The dissatisfied element have called another convention for March 22nd to nominate a straight supporter of the government.

Orillia, March 9.—Ex-Mayor McCosp is spoken of an independent candidate for East Simcoe, which would make four in the field

London, March 9.—Major Thos. Beattie has been nominated by the Conservatives for the commons.

Toronto, March 9.—The Telegram is authority for the statement that at a meeting of the gentlemen who do not take kindly to the Mail-Empire, it was decided to launch a new Conservative paper. Letters of incorporation will, it is said, be asked for in a few days, and application will be lodged at Ottawa. A gentleman who is concerned in the matter went so far as to say that the name of the new paper would be the Standard, and the managing editor Mr. David Creighton.

CUBAN REBELLION.

General Garisch Renews His Attacks Upon the Rebels.

Havana, March 9.—General Garisch reports having renewed his attack upon the rebels in the vicinity of Los Negros. The loss of the insurgents is not known. The leaders of the revolutionists in Souguin have, it is reported, surrendered. The governor of the province of Santa Clara expects members of Matagas' dispersed band to surrender shortly. The seditious movement is now confined to the province of Santiago de Cuba.

Washington, March 9.—Gresham said to-day that he had heard nothing of the alleged demand by the captain-general of Cuba for the recall of Consul-General Williams at Havana. Gresham was much displeased at the public criticisms of the Cuban government attributed to Williams. He declared that the diplomatic officer went beyond the bounds of propriety when he criticised the government to which he was accredited.

BITUMINOUS COAL CARRIERS.

Adjourned Meeting of the Association Held in New York To-Day.

New York, March 9.—The adjourned meeting of the Ohio bituminous coal carriers is in session to-day considering the question of percentage. The question will be undoubtedly settled to-day and the meeting adjourned. The mine owners will then hold a meeting in Cleveland to take steps for the formation of a central agency for Ohio coal. It is expected Pittsburg, West Virginia, and Indiana will form similar selling agencies.

THE LONGFELLOW WRECK.

Only Six of the Twenty Laborers Accounted for.

Cincinnati, March 9.—It has not yet been definitely learned how many lives were lost in the Longfellow accident. Of the twenty laborers on board only six are accounted for. The body of the woman found yesterday has been identified as Mrs. Ault of Dayton, Ohio. Mr. Ault is also missing. Two bodies were recovered from the wreck opposite Browley, Ky., to-day.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

REVERSED HIS DECISION.

Costigan Takes a Different View Than Tupper of the Noble Fishing Case.

Montreal Stock Market is Depressed Owing to a Drop in C. P. R. Stock.

Toronto, March 9.—By order of the master-in-chambers the legal representative of James Bullied, a well-known resident of Port Arthur and now residing in England, will be served with a writ and concomitant papers which Laura Larson, a society belle of that western town has caused to be issued against him for $10,000 for breach of promise of marriage.

Cornwall, Ont., March 9.—Mike Oak, an Indian, was seriously shot on Cornwall Island. As near as can be ascertained some Indians who were trespassing on Easterbrook farm attacked young Frank Easterbrook and William Carpenter, their hired man, when Carpenter shot Oak.

London, March 9.—Rev. J. W. Annis, pastor of Queen's avenue church, died yesterday.

Hamilton, March 9.—W. Proberts, inspector of agencies for the Bank of Hamilton, died suddenly of heart disease last night, aged 52. He was a bachelor.

Sherbrooke, March 9.—In the Herbert murder case the crown closed its side yesterday. The defence submitted evidence that Miss Begin was under the influence of liquor when the shooting was done.

Chatham, March 9.—Simon Gagned was instantly killed yesterday by the breaking of a large circular saw which he was attending in a mill at Dover township, six miles west of this place.

Montreal, March 8.—The local stock markets were considerably depressed today owing to a clear drop of four points in C. P. R. stock from yesterday's figures.

Pickering, March 9.—Three aged settlers in this neighborhood have just passed away, John Pearce, aged 74; Benjamin Dixon, 71; and Samuel Hollinger, 66. Each was a settler in Pickering over fifty years ago.

Windsor, March 8.—It is said that the C. P. R. has concluded to place one of their steamers on the route this summer between here and Port Arthur, and that all freight west of London for Lake Superior be shipped from this point.

Ottawa, March 9.—An order-in-council placing boomsticks and chains used in towing logs on the free list has been formally adopted.

The decision of Tupper in the Noble fisheries case has been reversed by Costigan, who consented to release all the seized boats and nets and tugs on bonds being furnished by the firm. Tupper had tied up $25,000 worth of property.

Heber Shaffer was sued at the assizes here by Miss Josie Wood, of South India, for $2000 for betrayal under promise of marriage and for breach of promise. The jury gave her $100. The defendant had already paid $500 for the expenses of the child.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Patrons not at All Pleased at the Action of Their Leader.

Toronto, March 9.—The ultimate result of the vote in the legislature points to a disruption of the Patron party. Some of the Patrons are much annoyed at their leader's speech. In an interview one member said it was perfectly right for him to explain his policy and decide to wait for fees but that he was not called upon to make a political harrangue. The Liberals, too, are not pleased with Haycock's vigorous defense and an attempt is being made by them to have Haycock put in a want of confidence motion.

Sir Oliver Mowatt introduced a bill into the legislature yesterday to amend the election law by extending registration in towns. At a government caucus it was decided to make every effort to bring the session to a close before Easter.

CHESS BY TELEGRAPH.

Manhattan and British Chess Club Commence Their Match.

London, March 9—The match by telegraph between the Manhattan Chess club of New York and the British Chess club began by telegraph to-day. The London end of the match is being conducted in Victoria hall and much interest is evinced in the contest. Sir George Newnes, president of the London club, said to a United Press reporter that he felt they were going to lose because the Manhattan club had some professionals among its competitors.

KILLED BY A LUNATIC.

President of the Italian Board Dies This Morning of His Wounds.

Rome, March 9.—Marquis Berardi, president of the board of lunacy, who was beaten by a lunatic yesterday, died this morning. He was inspecting an insane asylum in the suburbs of Rome yesterday when a lunatic attacked him. The attendants were not on hand and the senator was thrown to the floor and terribly beaten before help arrived. When the maniac was over-powered the senator had become unconscious. The asylum physicians pronounced his wounds mortal.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC.

A Review of Its Early History and Its Relations With the Country.

The Subsidies Acquired and the Financial Methods of the Company.

The passing of the usual half yearly dividend of the Canadian Pacific railway company on the ordinary stock has been made the subject of much comment in financial and political circles the whole week and has led many to inquire into the company's financial methods and the history of the contract, construction, completion and further development of the vast system since the original syndicate was awarded the contract for building the transcontinental railway across British North America. From official documents at Ottawa and the company's statements it appears that the company was chartered February 17, 1881, and the main line opened throughout on May 26, 1887. The several branches and leased lines were built or acquired at different periods. The road was created, fostered and lavishly endowed by the Dominion government. The public credit of the Dominion was at the back of the concern for tens of millions of dollars to carry the railway to completion. The contract made with the government was for the construction and operation of a through line of railway from Callandar, on the east side of Lake Nipissing to the Pacific coast. The government also agreed that over $30,000,000 should be expended by the government in the building and completing of certain sections of the railway, some of them difficult and costly. In fact the Canadian government agreed to give and did give in the form of subsidies payable as the work prospered:

(1) Thirty million dollars' worth of completed railway sections.

(2) Twenty-five million dollars in cash.

(3) Twenty-five million acres of public lands on the prairies of the Northwest.

(4) The privilege of importing rails and other supplies into Canada free of duty.

(5) A monopoly of the railway traffic of the Northwest—the government of Canada binding itself not to permit the construction of any railway southward from the Canadian Pacific to the United States boundary line. The value of those last mentioned privileges was very great. The government had to buy out the monopoly privilege from the company in 1888 to prevent the Manitobans from taking arms to secure its abolition.

The original capital of the company was $5,000,000 issued at par, which was increased to $25,000,000 on May 10th, 1882, the $20,000,000 new stock being sold to the founders at 25 cents on the dollar. The issue of new stock brought into the company's treasury $5,000,000 and at this time only small headway had been made on the main line and earnings were small yet, as a pretty well informed financier points out, so great were its resources owing to its having the credit of Canada at command, that it could afford to pay 6 per cent. dividends out of capital upon stock which it had given away at 25 cents on the dollar. The proportion of the new issue to the founders was something less than four new shares to one founder's share. According to the official papers submitted by the company to parliament the following participated in this profitable transaction:

Memorandum showing distribution of $20,000,000 of stock to members of the original Canadian Pacific Railway Syndicate on 17th August, 1881: (See Canadian sessional papers, No. 31, Vol. 9, 1884.)

	No. of Shares.	Face Value.	Am't Paid for Stk	Aggregate Dividends Paid in Five Years
Geo. Stephen	23,411	$2,341,100	$585,275	$651,230
D. McIntyre	975	97,500	24,375	29,250
D. McIntyre & Co.	18,534	1,853,400	463,350	556,020
J. S. Kennedy & Co.	17,558	1,755,800	438,950	526,740
J. J. Hill	19,509	1,950,900	487,725	585,270
R. B. Angus	19,509	1,950,900	487,725	585,270
H. S. Northcote	2,004	200,400	75,100	90,120
D. A. Smith	19,509	1,950,900	487,725	585,270
Besseyin & Co.	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
Blake Bros. (Boston)	975	97,500	24,375	29,250
R. Donaldson	1,560	156,000	39,000	46,800
J. S. Kennedy	975	97,500	24,375	29,250
J. K. Todd	1,365	135,500	34,125	40,950
D. W. James	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
C. J. Osborn	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
C. H. Northcote	300	30,000	9,750	11,700
W. Frotter	750	75,000	19,000	23,400
Morton, Rose & Co.	29,304	2,936,400	734,600	880,920
F. Greininger	3,901	390,100	97,525	117,030
L. Cohen & son	3,901	390,100	97,525	117,030
Sulzbach Brs	1,268	126,800	31,700	38,040
S. Propper	585	58,500	14,625	17,550
J. DeReinach	1,658	165,800	41,450	50,240
E. Kohn	780	78,000	19,500	23,400
O. DeReinach	877	87,700	21,925	26,310
C. Kolt	97	9,700	2,425	2,910
H. Finlay	390	39,000	9,750	11,700
M. Springer	1,365	136,500	34,125	40,950
Euphrusi & Co.	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
Banque Parisienne	5,579	557,900	139,475	173,370
C. Morawitz	390	39,000	9,750	11,700
F. de P. Grenfell	975	97,500	24,375	29,250
C. D. Rose	975	97,500	24,375	29,250
E. Cassel	1,755	175,500	48,875	.....
Lord Elphinstone	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
Govet, Sons & Co.	390	39,000	9,750	11,700
A. S. Thompson	195	19,500	4,875	5,850
J. Billitzer	195	19,500	4,875	5,850
H. Puffel	195	19,500	4,875	5,850
C. Rosenraad	97	9,700	2,425	2,910
G. Levy	97	9,700	2,425	2,910
A. S. Schaw	1,950	195,000	48,750	58,500
Morton, Rose & Co. (in trust)	390	39,000	9,750	11,700
W. C. Van Horne	3,905	390,500	97,625	117,150

On November 28, 1882 the capital was further increased to $100,000,000 and $40,000,000 of the increase was sold at an average price of 52 per cent., the balance being deposited with the Dominion government. In the year 1885 the $35,000,000 so deposited was cancelled and the common stock thus reduced to $65,000,000. It will be remembered that in September, 1883, the company deposited with the Dominion government an amount sufficient to guarantee dividend of three per cent. upon the company's outstanding stock for ten years, and at that time the company had not completed its main line. Fourteen million dollars of the capital of the company was the amount deposited to guarantee the 3 per cent. dividend on the ordinary stock. To the founders this amounted to 12 per cent., having secured the bulk of their stock at 25 cents on the dollar. The financial position and start of the company was of the brightest, having the entire resources and credit of Canada to support any further financiering, and the executive and management counted among the shrewdest and ablest men on the mart or railway circles. From 1889 up to the last meeting of the directors the company have paid an annual dividend of 5 per cent. on the common stock, and the departure made in 1889 by increasing the dividend and the formation of the fund to guarantee three per cent. dividends for ten years upon its entire issue of stock is, in the opinion of financiers, one of the chief causes of the present position of the company in the stock markets. In the year 1885 the stock of the company sold as low as 35 3-4 and has again sold as high in London as 97 1-2, the highest notch, the 12th January, 1892. In New York the same date is marked 94 1-2, but by this time much of the stock held there and here was got rid of, as the government guarantee ceased the next year. The great bulk of the stock is now said to be held in the London market. In 1883 the company got a loan of thirty millions from the government for the formation of the guarantee fund. The following was the proposal submitted by the then president of the company (now Lord Mount-Stephen) to the government, October, 1883. The latter agreed to raise and deposit with the government $20,000,000 in cash, the balance of $4,527,145 to be made up of a deposit of land grant bonds. The proposition was at once accepted though Mr. Blake at the time, according to Hansard, urged that instead of locking up this amount to secure future dividends upon stock, and appealing to the government for aid, the company should use the money to complete its contract, and let the stockholders forego their dividends for a while. The loan secured and the dividends secured, the stock went up and so did the credit of the company. Further public aid was granted in 1884 to the extent of another loan of $30,000,000, and in 1885 further aid was demanded to finish the road. It was on this occasion that Hon. Edward Blake made a memorable speech on the subject, showing what the company had up to then received from the country towards the construction of the line. On the 17th of June, 1885, Mr. Blake delivered his speech, reported in Hansard, from which the following is taken: "The government builds and hands over to the company 641 miles of completed railway, besides the Pembina branch costing $30,000,000. The government surveys cost $3,440,000. The government subsidy is $25,000,000 in cash. The government's provision of lands and powers has already realized to the company $11,000,000. This makes $69,500,000, besides which there remain 20,000,000 acres of land. So there were $69,500,000 in cash aids and 20,000,000 acres of land. If you value that at $1 per acre you get public aids, not loans, but gifts, of $89,500,000. If you value it at $2, you get $109,500,000. Now, add the loans of 1884. They amount to $28,910,000. Then you have gifts as before, $69,500,000, loans, $29,810,000, or cash aids of $99,310,000. Adding the 20,000,000 acres of land at $2, it gives you a total of gifts and loans of $139,310,000. The cost of the whole line, according to the company's own estimate, was $83,500,000, and the equipment, $8,000,000, making a total of $91,500,000, and the road is to be the property of the company, and both the company and the government declare that it is going to pay from the day it is opened. We have given them the means, and far more than the means, to build that paying road, and the first minister tells us that the road will carry freights at one-fourth the cost of other roads, and a road that can do that will certainly be a highly paying road."

Mr. Blake also pointed out that the $5,000,000 to be given the company by the resolutions under discussion would increase the public aid to the company to $144,810,000, and that $13,827,000 more would have to be spent in aiding the construction of the railway through Maine to the Atlantic seaboard and other roads connected with the transcontinental railway project. Then he exposed the company's financial methods. He said: "They raised by the new finance on stock $24,500,000, and they have devoted to dividends $21,000,000, making $3,500,000 to go on with the work, and $21,000,000 to go into their own pockets. What is the amount they have actually paid in dividends up to February last (1885)? On the first $5,000,000 they have paid $1,000,000, on the $20,000,000, which represents $5,000,000 cash, they have paid $2,610,000 on the $30,000,000, representing $15,281,000, they have paid $2,640,000, and on the balance, $10,000,000, representing $4,212,000, they have paid $750,000, or a total of $7,000,000 already paid in cash to its shareholders by this embarrassed company, which has to come to us for help in its urgent need. And having paid $7,000,000 in cash they have deposited with the government now, at 4 per cent. interest, $14,100,000 to secure future dividends. * * * I ask you what is to be expected from finance like that? The original proprietors who took the additional $20,000,000 have, on their $5,000,000 of cash, for which they received $20,000,000 of stock, got for part of the time 24 per cent. per annum on their investment, and for the rest 20 per cent. * * * They have got $3,610,000 in dividends already, and they are to get in eight years and a half $6,875,000 more, or $10,485,000 in dividends, apart altogether from the road, the land and the earnings of the road on $10,000,000 of capital. * * * If you include the September, 1885, and February, 1886, extra dividends, there will have been paid and provided for dividends $24,875,000, or a sum equal to the whole amount realized for the sale of the company's stock.

"The shareholders will have paid $24,500,000 for their stock, and there will have been paid and provided for dividends $24,500,000. The net result of the transaction has been to invest money with one hand for the purpose of taking it out with the other. In substance, the proceeds of the stock have been divided among the stockholders. We (the government) are to raise the money to build the road, and the country is to pay tolls for all time in order to pay dividends upon the stock so divided. * * *

All this is to be done because the stockholders in this enterprise having realized from $65,000,000 of stock $24,500,000, have chosen to appropriate $24,500,000 to pay dividends upon their stock."

Mr. Blake again urged the spending of the deposit to guarantee three per cent. dividends to complete the road. During the session of parliament in 1893 an act was passed authorizing the company to issue preferred stock. This gave the company power to issue and sell $32,500,000 of preferred stock as its outstanding shares amounted to $65,000,000.—Montreal Star.

Indispensable.

There are some simple remedies indispensable in every family. Among these, the experience of years assures us, should be recorded Perry Davis' Pain-Killer. For both internal and external application we have found it of great value; especially can we recommend it for colds, rheumatism, or fresh wounds and bruises.—Christian Era.

(Mistress) —"Bridget, I find that you wore one of my decollete ball gowns to the Hack Driver's ball last evening. It's the worst piece of impudence I ever heard of. You ought to be ashamed of yourself"

Bridget (meekly)"Oi was mum: Oi was—and me young man said as if I ever wore sich an indacent dress in public as'in he'd break our ingagemint."

What is TAMILKANDE?

Tamilkande is the name of the Company who have introduced to the public the MOST delicious blends of Indian and Ceylon Teas.

But Why TAMILKANDE!

The explanation is at once simple and interesting.

Tamil is the principal language spoken by the natives of Ceylon, and the word Tamil is associated with the early settlers of Ceylon; the tribe of Tamil migrating from Travencore, on the south-western borders of India, and settling in the hilly districts, established the town of Kande as their place of residence, and Kande became recognised as the capital of Ceylon. It still remains the sacred town of the Tamils, for there is supposed to rest the foot of Buddha, and, as this foot is some seventy-two inches long, it will be recognised that in the early days of the Tamils small feet were at a discount.

How is **Tamilkande** pronounced?

Well, you may pay your money and take your choice; but, if you have any preference for being correct, it should be

TAM-IL-KAN-DE

SIMON LEISER & CO, Agents.

N.B.—The above is the correct answer, in the great **Tamilkande Tea** competition, which closed on February 5th, 1895.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

New Spring Goods

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

20 yds. White Calico for $1.
20 yds. Unbleached Calico for $1.
14 yds. Print for $1.
14 yds. Gingham for $1.
12 yds. All-Linen Toweling for $1
12 yds. All Linen Glass Cloth for $1.
15 yds Flannelette for $1.
Heavy Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Fine French Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Dress Lining, 8½c. a yard.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, 15c. a pair.
Children's Black Cotton Hose, 10c. a pair.
Children's Handkerchief's; 25c. a dozen.
White and Embroideries, 5 and 6 inches wide, 12½c. a yard.
White Stripe Muslins, 10c. a yard. Best value in the market
White Quilts, 90c. each.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
Just received 2 Cases of Corsets to sell at 50c. a pair, worth 60c.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

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COMPLETELY PARALYZED.

PHYSICIANS ARE ASTOUNDED BY A PECULIAR CASE.

A Young Canadian Stricken With Paralysis While in New York—Returned to His Home at London, Ont., as He Believed, to Die—The Means of Renewed Health Pointed Out by a Clergyman Who Visited Him.

Stricken with Landry's Paralysis and yet cured. That means but little to the average layman, but it means a miracle to a physician. Such is the experience of O. E. Dallimore, at present a resident of Madison, N. J., and a rare experience it is.

"Yes, it is true that I had Landry's paralysis," said Mr. Dallimore to the reporter, "or else the most celebrated physicians of London were mistaken. That I have been cured is clearly apparent." With this he straightened up as sturdy and promising a son of Britain as ever trod American soil.

"It was on the 15th of March last," he continued, "when I was in New York city, that I first felt symptoms of my trouble. I experience difficulty in going up stairs, my legs failing to support me I consulted a physician who informed me that I had every symptom of locomotor ataxia, but as the case developed he pronounced it a case of Landry's paralysis and knowing the nature of the disease advised me to start for my home and friends. I gave up my work and on April 1st started for London, Ont. A well known physician was consulted but I grew rapidly worse and on Saturday, April 7th, several physicians held a consultation on my case and informed me that was at death's door, having but three or six days to live, still I lingered on, by this time completely paralyzed, my hands and feet being dead, I could hardly whisper my wants and could only swallow liquids. Oh, the misery of those months are beyond all description and death would really have been a welcome visitor.

"Now comes the part that has astounded the physicians. Rev. Mr. Grundy, a clergyman who visited me in my last hours, as he supposed, told me of the marvellous cures of paralysis that had been performed by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I started to take the pills about April 28 and a week after that felt an improvement in my condition. There was a warm, tingling sensation in my limbs that had been entirely dead and I soon began to move my feet and hands. The improvement continued until May 28, when I was taken out of bed for a drive and drove the horse myself. By the beginning of July I was able to walk up stairs alone and paid a visit to Niagara.

"Slowly but surely I gained my old health and strength, leaving London for New York on October 11 and beginning my work again on October 26, 1894. Cured of Landry's Paralysis in eight months."

To confirm his story beyond all doubt, Mr. Dallimore made the following affidavit:

State of New Jersey,
Morris County, ss

Olave Dallimore being duly sworn on his oath said that the foregoing statement is just and true.

OLAVE E. DALLIMORE.

Sworn and subscribed before me, December 3, 1894.

AMOS C. RATHBUN.
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, paralysis, St. Vitus dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, papitation of the heart, that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors of the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect the radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. There are no ill effects following the use of this wonderful medicine, and it can be given to children with perfect safety.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company.

UNEARNED INCREMENT.

The Vexed Question of Ground Rents Comes Up in the Commons.

London, March 8.—Andrew D. Provand, a Liberal representing a division of Glasgow, brought up in the House of Commons this evening the subject of unearned increment. He moved that "No system of taxation can be equitable unless it include the direct assessment of such enhanced value of land as is due to an increase of population, wealth and growth of towns."

Mr. Shaw Lefebvre, president of the local government board, replied that without doubt there had been a continuous increase of taxation. He could not commit himself to any particular scheme of reform nor promise of a government bill, but he could express his hearty endorsement of Mr. Provand's views. After Sir Edward Clarke, Conservative for Plymouth, had argued against Mr. Provand, the motion was passed without division.

The short debate was heard with keen interest by the House, as it bore directly upon the vexed question of ground rents in large towns, most notably London.

THEY ADMIT THEIR ERROR

Hospital Directors Were Misinformed About Admission of Chinese Prtients.

Pay Patients Must Pay in Advance at Jubilee—Indians Must Pay as Well.

There was a very interesting meeting of the board of directors of Jubilee Hospital last evening. President Davies was in the chair and the directors present were W. M. Chudley, George Byrnes, J. L. Crimp, G. H. Brown, Alex Wilson, I. Braverman, F. B. Pemberton and J. S. Yates. It developed that the statement made by the committee of the month about Dr. John Lang in connection with Chinese patients were untrue, and it was decided to send him a letter of apology. It was also decided to require pay patients to put up their money in advance, and also to receive no Indians except as pay patients.

Frank Burrell sent a gift of $25 to the hospital accompanied by a letter of which the following is an extract: "I regret extremely that it is entirely out of my power to contribute a larger amount as a thank-offering for the great care and kindness bestowed upon my brother during his long illness. I take this opportunity of expressing the deep gratitude I feel towards Dr. Richardson and all those who ministered to his wants and tried to alleviate his sufferings, and also for the great courtesy shown to myself and family."

It was decided to acknowledge the offering with sincere thanks.

Then came the important matter of the evening, the following letter from Dr. Lang:

Douglas Street, Victoria,
March 7, 1895.

"To the President of the Board of Directors of the Provincial Jubilee Hospital.

"Gentlemen: At a recent meeting of your board of directors your visiting committee for February made a statement in their report to which I desire to draw your attention. The report stated:

"A matter has been called to the attention of your committee which deserves the serious consideration of your board, viz., the recent admission of Chinese patients as free patients while perfectly able to pay. The majority of these cases have obtained signature to their admission cards on the medical certificate of Dr. Lang. There is at present in the hospital a Chinaman who was a pay patient of Dr. Jones, and who agreed to pay him $25 and $10 a week to the hospital, to have an operation at the hospital. He somehow learned of the value of Dr. Lang's certificates, and having obtained one is now in the hospital as a free patient, to be operated on by Dr. Davie, while Dr. Jones has lost his patient and the hospital has lost possibly $40 or $50.

I have obtained from the hospital records a complete list of Chinese patients treated since October, 1893, and herewith enclose it.

"The list shows that during the past twelve months there have been ten Chinese patients admitted to the institution as free patients, only two of whom were admitted on my medical certificate. One of these was admitted on May 19, 1894, and the other on February 27, 1895. Your committee's report professes to deal with 'recent admission of Chinese patients' and accredits me with having certified the majority of these, while the records of the hospital show I have not sent in a single case for over nine months.

"With regard to Mar Fun Du, admitted February 27, 1895, the Chinaman said to have been a patient of Dr. Jones, I have to state that he had been under my treatment for three days prior to his admission to the hospital, and that I had no knowledge whatever of his having seen Dr. Jones professionally. I was assured that the man had recently arrived from China and was quite unable to pay. One of his clansmen, however, promised that a subscription would be raised among the patient's friends and a donation given to the hospital. Your committee's report, in so far as it relates to me, being entirely without foundation in fact, I respectfully request that you will bring the matter before the first meeting of your board of directors; and in view of the publicity given to that report, I must ask a like public retraction of it.

"I should be happy to meet your board and give any further information on the subject. Believe me, yours faithfully,

(Signed.) JOHN LANG.

"P. S.—The enclosed list was compiled by the hospital clerk and checked by Dr. Richardson. Case No. 6 on the list had been seen by me before admission, but was not credited by me."

Mr. Yates expressed regret that a misunderstanding had arisen in the matter, not that as Dr. Lang inferred any reflection on him was intended by the committee. The committee believed he had been deceived as to the financial circumstances of a number of would-be free patients. The report had unfortunately been at fault as to the number of Chinese free patients sent to the hospital by the doctor. The committee had based their remark upon the information of Dr. Richardson, resident physician, which proved to be incorrect. The latter explained, Mr. Yates said, that he spoke from impression and not from records, and that he and the committee very much regretted that Dr. Lang had been placed in a false position. The committee had not been at fault, it was the information that was at fault. The alleged facts had been brought to the attention of the committee and they would have been remiss in their duties if they had not reported it.

Mr. Brown believed if Dr. Richardson was to be censured it should be done directly and not be given any back-handed slap by the committee.

Mr. Yates said that he did not want to censure the doctor, but was merely seeking to make an explanation. However, if any one was to be blamed he could not see upon whom other than Dr. Richardson the blame could fall.

The chairman believed the whole misunderstanding had arisen from people jumping at conclusions. Dr. Lang came from China, and he believed many might have thought he was doing most of the Chinese medical work.

Mr. Wilson said that he had reached the conclusion that it was the committee that should be censured for making serious charges against a professional man without investigating the facts upon which the charges rested. There was evidently professional jealousy, but for the reason he stated he did not plame Dr. Richardson as much as the committee.

Mr. Yates objected to that. He held that it was not the duty of the committee to examine the records in such cases to secure detailed information, but that the committee should be able to rely on the officials.

Mr Brown suggested that if the board had unintentionally done Dr. Lang an injustice an apology should be tendered.

The idea was approved of and a resolution passed directing the secretary to write to Dr. Lang expressing regret that the objectionable statements should have been made in the report on erroneous information furnished to the committee.

The resident physician in his report for February stated that the number of days' stay of all patients during February to have been 1485 days, the average cost of maintenance per day being $1.17. The number of patients in hospital on February 1 was 53; there were admitted 34; and discharged 34; 5 patients died; and there remained under treatment on the 1st of the present month, 48, making a total of 87 under treatment during February.

The report stated in addition the following: "I would again draw your attention to the lack of fire protection at the hospital. Chief Deasy told me when he inspected the buildings that the city had some old hose on a reel which he thought might be brought up here. If that were done and the hose kept in readiness some supply of water would at least be available in case of fire.

"During the last two weeks I have been so occupied in the mornings that I have not been able to give the attention I would like to give to the out-patients. The out-patient attendances numbered 66 last month, and I think it has now reached such dimensions as to be worthy of the care of an honorary physician in charge of that department."

The report was referred to the committee of the month.

The matron reported the resignation of the hospital cook and the promotion of her assistant, and acknowledging donations from Miss Cameron, Miss Pickard, Mrs. Steele and a friend.

It was stated that the cook, who gave excellent satisfaction, had resigned to get married.

Steward Jenkins reported that the supplies were satisfactory and that donations had been received from Mrs. Elford and also from the Victoria Rice mills. The report was received and filed and those who made donations will be thanked.

Dr. Richardson's letter re the reception of Indian patients was taken from the table for the purpose of considering the proposition of the Indian department. The offer of the department was $1 per day for all patients claiming to be wards of the government. This rate, the doctor explained, would cover the expenses in ordinary case, but not in surgical cases, and the department absolutely refused to pay a higher rate.

The president said many people believed that with present accommodations the hospital should close its doors to both Chinese and Indian patients, and the subject demanded the best attention of the board. They might also consider how best to deal with free and ordinary pay patients. At present they share a common ward, enjoy virtually the same comforts, and it is naturally difficult to make the pay patients understand why they should have to pay $10 per week while those around them paid nothing.

Mr. Byrnes was glad, he said, that the matter had been called up, as he had for some time been considering a resolution on it. The most objectionable feature of the public ward was the fact that Indian men and women shared it with white people, who would not think of having Siwashes come to their homes. He held that the cases were uniformly impulsive, that the Indians were unclean and that they hurt the hospital. The Indians were the wards of the Dominion, and let the Dominion, not the hospital, care for them. He had no objection to their receiving treatment in a separate ward, but that could not be done, and he moved that in future no Indian nor any person living upon or claiming the privileges of an Indian rancherie be admitted to the hospital.

Mr. Yates approved the motion, but suggested an amendment to give them permission to take a room at $15 per week. The resolution was amended to read as follows:

"That in future no Indians or persons having the privilege of residing within the limits of any Indian rancheria shall be admitted to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, except as pay patients on payment of $15 in advance per week, and that Dr. Hanington of the Indian department be informed of this resolution."

Mr. Wilson opposed the resolution, holding that the hospital was a shelter to all classes, independent of creed, color or nationality.

The resolution was put and carried by 7 to 1.

Mr. Chudley brought up the matter of the difficulty of collecting from pay patients, and after considerable discussion the following resolution was adopted:

"That in future all pay patients admitted to the hospital shall deposit on admittance the sum of $40, to be applied towards their fees for treatment as pay patients, and until such deposit shall be made every patient admitted shall be placed in the free ward."

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FOR SALE—A double barrel breach-loading shot gun (Greener), both barrels full choke. For further particulars apply by letter to W. W., Times office.

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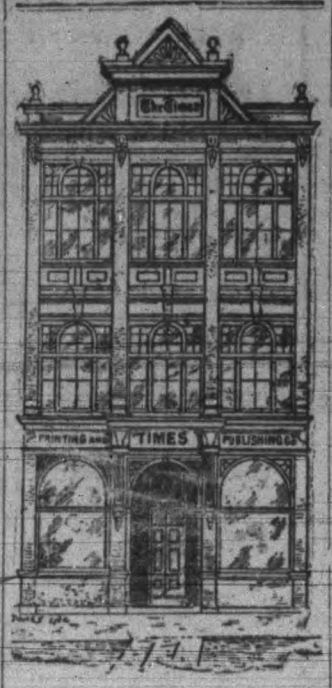

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

The Daily Times.

SEALERS' RECOMPENSE.

The proposition that the sealers who suffered by the seizures in Behring sea should be temporarily recompensed by the government, pending the formal settlement of their claims, is hardly so new as some people would like the public to believe. There is a decidedly comical aspect to the spreadeagleism with which the announcement of recent efforts in this direction has been made when it is considered that they are but imitations of some made years ago. In the session of 1888 the provincial legislature on motion of Mr. John Grant, seconded by Mr. Semlin, unanimously adopted the following resolution:

Whereas a number of British sea-going vessels used in the lawful avocation of catching seals in Behring sea, outside of the three-mile limit, were seized by the cruisers of the United States of America; their appliances, cargoes and catch confiscated, and their officers and crews imprisoned, thus inflicting serious personal and pecuniary injury upon British subjects;

And whereas, up to the end of last year the officers of the government of the Dominion of Canada failed to notify the owners of British vessels when clearing at the customs house for the purpose of proceeding to Behring sea to engage in seal catching, that they did so at their own risk;

Be it therefore resolved, That a respectful address be presented to his honor the lieutenant-governor requesting him to move the Dominion government to compensate the owners of British vessels for the losses thus incurred; and to obtain from the United States authorities a reimbursement of the sum so expended.

In presenting his resolution Mr. Grant offered the following remarks as reported at the time: "The mover said he brought forward the resolution with the feeling that private owners had been very hardly dealt with, for in many instances the vessels and plant represented all their capital, and they were deprived of their means of gaining a livelihood. Large sums in dispute between governments did not represent so much as such sums did to individuals, and in the present case the amount as a whole was small, but to the owners of the seized vessels the delay in restitution was a great hardship, and it was their duty to recover it for them as soon as possible. The total sum claimed for the seizures during the two years was $300,000, and as it was generally felt that the United States would be found to have exceeded its authority he thought that the Dominion government should be urged to recoup the sealers, and they would in turn be repaid by the United States when the matter was decided. Lord Lansdowne in a dispatch to the Imperial authorities urged that reparation should be made as quickly as possible to the British subjects who had lost their property through seizure in Behring sea. It was desirable in the interests of the people of our province that the Dominion should be induced to take the steps indicated in the resolution; if the United States were in the wrong they would be reimbursed the amount advanced, and if not, he consideded that up to the end of 1887 the Dominion government were at fault in not notifying owners of the danger they incurred in sealing in Behring sea."

Mr. Turner told the farmers at Cedar Hill last night that the provincial government would not promise to compensate the farmers for the cattle slaughtered, in the effort to stamp out tuberculosis. And Col. Prior, M.P., said he "could not see how the Dominion could be asked to pay." Standing as they do between Turner and Prior the unfortunate farmers are worse off than if the devil were on one side of them and the deep sea on the other.

Col. Prior boasts that he is a protectionist. In one sense the great majority of his constituents are protectionists also—they want to be protected against "protectionists," against incapable ministers, against tyrants like Tupper and Caron, and against representatives with records of subserviency similar to that of the junior member for Victoria.

Wonder if Col. Prior would think of "shaking hands" with the young man Tracy, whose acquaintance he so pathetically craved for were there no election looming up?

Col. Prior should bear in mind the fate of the man who mixes his drinks. The candidate who mixes his politics is in danger of getting muddled.

ATHLETIC EXCESSES.

The Danger Especialy to the Heart of Too Much Physical Exercise

The Maryland Medical Journal gives a synopsis of a paper on the "Over-taxed Heart of Athletes," recently before a meeting of the Academie de Medicine at Lyons, France, by M. Teissier. On examining ten runners who had reached the goal, Mr. Teisier says: "The apex of the heart appeared to have deviated to the right from two to three centimetres; in one man affected with aortic insufficiency, who came in second without fatigue, this apex was lowered and, as a consequence of this deviation, the base remaining fixed, a notable increase of the precordial was observed. This increase was evidently connected with a dilatation of the right cavities,as was shown by the deviation of the apex and by the results of auscultation. The cardiographic outlines collected showed the brevity of the systole and its sharpness; the characteristics of the beating of the forced heart described by M. Pitres was found. Among all the men the arterial pressure was lowered at least six centimetres. The mechanism of this phenomenon, says Teissier, seems to relate to overtaxing to general fatigue, and to secreted toxic products. There is a certain degree of muscular over-excitability which appears to be due to toxic accumulated in the blood. There is a slight but constant diminution of faradic excitability and an increase of galvanic contractility; the pattelar reflex always disappears. In two-thirds of the subjects examined there was appreciable albuminuria, with an increase of the proportion of urea. These results says M. Teissier, seem to establish the fact that athletic excercises are not free from danger when carried to extreme."

From this it may be seen that scientific men are settling in a thorough way the question as to bad results from excessive athletic excercises. In language freed from technical terms M. Teissier found that runners suffered in consequence of their exertions from heart displacement; that one runner who had a small artery leading from the heart, had the right cavities of the heart enlarged; the instrument for measuring the beats of the heart showed the peculiar and undesirable features which had previously been observed in similar cases by other observers.

Arterial pressure was lowered in all the runners, and M. Teisser ascribes this to overexertion, general fatigue and to the accumulation of poisonous products in the blood as a result.

Professional athletes know how trying are exertions in their lines when continued over a series of years. One of the best and most succesful athletes Baltimore ever knew once declared that after an athlete had passed thirty years of age he declined in ability to compete with younger men. Athletic sports were originally encouraged by colleges to counteract the sedentary habits of students, and they have done a great work in causing the vast majority of those at schools and colleges, male and female, to take beneficial exercise. In this as in nearly every interest in life, there is a golden mean which is the safe and desirable course. Excesses in athletics as in other things are to be avoided.—Baltimore Sun

A METEOR AT SEA.

Crew of the Schooner Premier receive a Bad Scare.

San Francisco, March 9.—Captain Heegard of the schooner Premier, which has just arrived from Gray's Harbor, reports a peculiar experience on the way down. On Friday, the 1st instant, at 2 a.m., while the mate was on watch, a big meteor shot out of the sky and buried itself in the ocean about one thousand yards away from the vessel. The sky, according to the mate, was suddenly illuminated and a big mass of flaming metal came hissing along from west to east, looking like a blazing coal. The men watched its course in mortal terror until it disappeared with an explosion beneath the waves.

The proprietors of a West Philadelphia sale stable have this sign outside their establishment: "If you are looking for mules don't forget us."

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

EMILE ZOLA.

The Prince of Realistic Fiction.

Thus looks the master of realism. This is the man who has produced more work, excited more comment, probed more moral anatomies, than any living author. Needing a strengthening stimulant, Zola drinks "Vin Mariani," of which he says that "it is the elixir of life, combating human debility, and giving vigor, health and energy." This is high praise, but it is consonant with what has been said about this great tonic-stimulant, by all the celebrities of the day. "Vin Mariani" is the great nourisher. It strengthens the enfeebled constitution, makes the convalescent strong and well; is very palatable, never produces constipation, but rather aids digestion and assimilation. If you send your name to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, you will vrite a little album of portraits of celebrated people, and you will thus learn something, not merely of the celebrated coca stimulant, but of the great people who drink it.

SIR JOHN KNEW BETTER.

Protection was Only Used by him as a Bridge to Power.

Sir John Macdonald was at heart a Free Trader, and did not believe in protection, though he used it in order to get back to power after he had been overwhelmed by the exposure of the Canadian Pacific scandal. Mr. Goldwin Smith, who helped Sir John Macdonald when he was down, recalls how Sir John some time in the seventies on being warned that Conservatives were inclined to protection said "You won't catch me in that hole." Afterwards when he had got back into power on the wave of protection, he was reproached with supporting the humbug of protection. "Oh" said Sir John, "protection has done so much for me that I must do something for protection". That Sir John regarded protection merely as a means of keeping himself in power is shown best, however by the report of the red parlor meeting at the Queen's Hotel in Toronto, where the protected manufacturers were told the fable of how the swine-herd reproached the hogs for which he knocked down the nuts because of their ingratitude in not acknowledging the hand that fed them. Sir John the swineherd in the case received abundant proofs, in the shape of election fund contributions, of the gratitude of the protected manufacturers, the hogs by the application of Sir John Macdonald's little story. Sir John Macdonald's gay impudence was half his charm to those he gulled. Some who could not see as clearly as Sir John Macdonald the empty falsehood of protectionism were, however, impatient and envious of the honor and credit which the Protectionists always gave to Sir John Macdonald because they supposed he was a believer in protection and the author of the policy. Sir Charles Tupper, who is the "enfant terrible" of the Conservative party, blurted out before company the other day at Toronto the whole truth about Sir John and his reluctant acceptance of protection. These are Sir Charles Hibbert's words: "Sir John was timid unto death of protection, had to be bullied into it, commited to it by others. But when he thought it grown he used it as a bridge to reach the power he liked to wield. And when his hosts had followed over they cried: Behold the bridge Sir John has built." But some of us know the work to be of other handicraftsm." Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper in a fit of spleen or envy or perhaps only of bumptious candor, has told what many opponents of Sir John Macdonald knew, and indeed declared during the long campaign in favor of protection, namely, that Sir Joan Macdonald was at heart a Free Trader and did not believe in protection. It offered a way to power which he seized upon, but his native shrewdness and good sense made protection plain foolishness to him, and he laughed and joked at the dupes he gulled, as was his careless cynical fashion, and they have not forgotten or forgiven him for it, as Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper's plain speaking shows.

It appears that a living dog is better than a dead lion in the eyes of the Tupper section of the Conservative party, or rather that, Sir John now being dead the truth may as well be told. He was a mere politician who accepted protection when it was forced upon him by the great statesmen of the party. Who the great handicraftsmen of the party were Sir Hibbert Tupper says he could name if he would, but like "honest honest Iago" he leaves others to infer who the men of real merit were. It appears however, that Sir John Macdonald was a fool compared with Sir Mackenzie Bowell when it came to discovering the true merits of protection. Sir Charles Hibbert said: Sir Mackenzie Bowell is a dyed-in-the-wool Protectionist, and all those who serve in the Cabinet with him are dyed-in-the-wool Protectionists, and are going to live with that sort of dye." So it seems that SirMackenzie Bowell is a bigger man than Sir John Macdonald ever was, and that Sir John was a mere fraud and imposter, who passed as a Protectionist while he was a Free Trader. It seems to us that protection is likely to suffer more discredit from Sir Charles Hibbert's tardy revelation than Sir John Macdonald, for a great many people who never believed much in Sir John's consistency or adherence to principle had a high opinion of his sagacity, and for the fact that he did not believe in protection will confirm the bad opinion which thousands of former Protectionists now entertain of protection as a result of their experience of its effects upon Canada Montreal Witness.

AUCTION SALES

By H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Well-Known Broad Street
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
Cash advanced. Furniture bought for Cash when an auction is not desired.
Offices, Salesrooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.

Blue Cross Tea

Blue Cross Tea

Pure. Fragrant. Delicious.

Head Office, LONDON, ENG
Wholesale Agents, WILSON BROS.

MR. CARTMEL'S WITHDRAWAL.

To the Editor: Will you kindly permit me through your columns to announce my retirement as a candidate for school trustee. It has been considered an unfortunate circumstance that there should be one of Capt. Marryat's triangular duels on an occasion like this; and considerable pressure has been exerted in order to induce one of the male candidates to withdraw. Under these circumstances I have consented to step aside in order that the feeling of the city may be fairly tested on the subject of ladies taking part in school management; and in retiring will take this opportunity of thanking my friends, both prospective and retrospective. It will be interesting for me to be a spectator of such a fight, and hope the friends of both candidates will poll their full strength. D. CARTMEL.

Victoria, March 9.

PERSONAL.

J. E. Thornburgh, Chicago, is registered at the Victoria.

T. Holbrook came over from the sound by the Rosalie this morning.

E. Shelton, Vancouver, and J. G. Erwin, Portland, are guests at the Victoria.

M. Nichals and C. E. Warner were passengers from the sound by the Rosalie this morning.

Duke of Cambridge Scotch Whisky is always chosen for the Great Masonic Banquet in London.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures:
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—A good shave, 10c., 101 Douglas. *

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—Just received—Men's and boy's working shoes, 95 cents. Marks', 8 Store street. *

—Get Almond Meal Soap for the complexion at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—New figured Art Muslins for the spring trade at Weiler Bros. These are all low priced goods. *

—There will be the usual programme at the Y. M. C. A. to-night with the addition of two specialties, the mandolin and guitar club.

—Mr. H. Waller, 89 Douglas street, having decided to retire from business, will sell all his well kept and well assorted stock of clothing and gents' furnishings below cost. *

—At a meeting of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society held last night the question of the leasing of the grounds this season came up for discussion. The directors were given full powers.

—The Umatilla arrived at 9 last night from San Francisco. There were 127 passengers aboard of whom 71 were cabin. Of these thirty were for Victoria. Seventy tons of freight were put down here.

—Keep out of trouble by using W. J. Pendray's tree spray and whale oil soap. A timely application of the spray will free your fruit trees from all the pests that are ruining them. 25 Humboldt street, Victoria. *

—The greatest event of the season. Grand masquerade ball. Victoria West, March 12, in Semple's Hall. Two prizes for the best sustained characters. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, $1; extra ladies, 50 cents. *

—We'd like to have a personal acquaintance with everyone who reads and acts. Because—well, because, you'll be impressed with the—"downright firstrateness" of everything we sell. Cameron the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—C. K. Ober, a member of the Y. M. C. A. international committee of New York, and a prominent platform speaker, will address a mass meeting at Metropolitan Methodist church Tuesday evening next under the auspices of the local Y. M. C. A.

—A typographical error appeared in the letter of Trustee Lovell to the Times yesterday. Mr. Lovell was made to say: "Thirty-nine teachers' salaries averaged $74.40 per month." It should have read: "Thirty-nine teachers' salaries averaged $71.40 per month."

—Passengers from Victoria by the Walla Walla to San Francisco to-night are: Miss Hatheway, Mrs. Peters, Miss Adney, Miss C. Horton, Mrs. S. M. Hillard and child, J. H. Johnson, Miss C. Smith, Miss M. Lena, Mrs. Helen Lena, E. L. Nuttman, H. Bluth, James Ballantyne, Fred G. Turner, P. S. Lampman and W. E. Dowlen.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Parsons took place from her late residence, First street, yesterday. Rev. Dr. Campbell conducted the services at the house and at the grave. Many beautiful floral tributes were received and the funeral was largely attended. The pallbearers were: John Oliver, George Glover, W. Percy, V. Lane, A. Oldershaw and A. Mallett.

—There will be a church parade of the Garison Artillery to-morrow forenoon. The parade will be to St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. Rev. W. L. Clay will preach a suitable sermon and the choir will render special music. The session has issued a request to members of the congregation to give up for the occasion the number of seats required by the battalion.

—Adjutant W. Archibald of the Salvation Army desires to thank those who have so liberally subscribed toward the support of the food depot during the past week, and asks for a continuance of their sympathy and assistance. Supplies have been received from W. H. S., W. A. Ward, R. Porter & Sons, London Bakery, Mr. Thain, Mrs. Waitt, B. Van Volkenburg, Friend per Pendray & Co., Mrs. Goodacre, Friend.

—The standing of the pupils at the Cedar Hill school who averaged over 50 per cent. for the month of February is: Maggie Glendenning, 85 3; Archie McRae, 77 9; Julia Glendenning, 73 5; Mary Holmes, 67 5; John Leeming, 66 9; Harry Gartley, 63 2; Walter Grieve, 61 0; Henry Todd, 55 2; Mabel Miller, 52 5; Laura Miller, 50 4; Christopher McRae, 50; Annie Holmes, 50. The average attendance for the month was 41.65.

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor. *

—Chambers' Encyclopaedia—latest Edinburgh edition. Sample at Johnston's, Kirk block. *

—Bordered cocoa mats, plain cocoa mats, skeleton cocoa mats and wire mats at Weiler Bros. *

—Just received—Spring suits, very cheap, from $5.50 up. All the latest styles. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given. *

—M. C. Brown, who has successfully managed the Adelphi saloon for twenty years, has again taken charge. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones. *

—The eight of a series of free concerts will be given in Temperance Hall tonight. The programme will consist of vocal and instrumental solos, recitations and an address by one of the city clergy.

—The firm of Cochrane & Munn, druggists, has been dissolved, Mr. Munn retiring from the business and Mr. Cochrane continuing by himself. The firm have built up a large business which Mr. Cochrane will be well able to hold on to, as he is very popular.

—The social and entertainment given at Strawberry Vale Methodist church last evening was well attended. The stereopticon lecture given by Mr. Shakespeare was loudly applauded, and Mr. Humber's address on Woman's Rights also created quite a sensation. The vocal solo by Mrs. McIntosh received a well merited encore.

—A general meeting of the members of the Game Protection Association will be held at the Driard Hotel, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at 5 p.m., to appoint an executive committee and to transact other business. As the presence of all members at this first meeting is very desirable it is hoped that all will make an effort to attend.

—D. Cartmel has withdrawn from the school trustee contest, and the field is left to Mrs. Grant and D. Spragge. Mr. Cartmel announced his withdrawal this morning. He states that he withdrew at the request and on the advice of his friends. The election will be held on Monday, and considerable interest is being taken in it. There will very likely be quite a heavy vote as the friends of both candidates are making an active canvass.

—Ald. Bragg has bulletined notice of his intention to move for the payment of a lot of small outstanding accounts in connection with electric light construction. His previous motion was for the payment of wages and it was believed at the time that it would include the small bills owed to different firms about the city. Such did not prove the case, however. The bills in question total between $300 and $400.

—Triumph lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., held their weekly meeting in the Masonic hall, Esquimalt, on Thursday evening. According to the programme the sisters had to officer and entertain which they did very creditably. Mr. McCormack of the Perseverance lodge spoke in very praiseworthy terms of the manner in which the initiation of a candidate was conducted. A good programme of vocal and instrumental music was rendered. The order hold a free concert in the Pandora street Temperance Hall to-night.

—J. J. Cannon occupies a cell in the city lockup and Constable Palmer, who arrested him, is hard at work endeavoring to secure evidence to convict him with some of the recent robberies. He was arrested as a result of some suspicious actions on his part. When searched at jail two bottles one thought to contain acid, were found on him. The police are doing a lot of industrious work on the robbery cases and Chief Sheppard may take a little trip away from the city in a day or so to work on a clue which he ran across. The city has been free from robberies since Tuesday night.

—The funeral of the late Neil Heath took place this afternoon and was largely attended. The members of the school board, the school teachers, a large number of pupils, a good-sized delegation from the Sir William Wallace society, and a number who knew the deceased in private life were in attendance. Services were held at St. John's church, which was the place where the deceased worshiped in life, and Rev. Percival Jenns was the officiating clergyman. There were a number of very pretty floral offerings. The pall bearers were: E. B. Paul, M. A., John Simpson, M. A., A. J. Pineo, B. A., S. B. Netherby, L. Tait and Duncan Ross.

—Gospel Hall was filled last night to hear Evangelist W. D. Close deliver his address on God's ancient people, "Israel." He took for his text Eph. 1;10. Israel was called out to be a separate people, not to pass away till all promise and prophecy are fulfilled, their testimony to end in glory. Beginning with Abraham, rising to greatest power under Solomon, afterwards dividing into two portions, the ten tribes, and the two tribes, to the latter the name Jew is applied. It was the two tribes who rejected the Messiah, and who are now gathering in Palestine to undergo the "great tribulation," after which deliverence will come, the ten tribes restored, and united with the two, and united israel, in their land, will be the channel of blessing for all the world. He said this was the solution of the great eastern question, and also that no one could understand the true position of His heavenly people—the church—unless they first gave Israel—His earthly people—their true place. The subject of his address to-night will be "The Church."

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Paris Panels
For Brides and
Ladies in Evening Dress.
SKENE LOWE, Photographer.

A RAILROAD FOR VICTORIA.

A Scheme to Bring the Great Northern Into the City Being Considered.

Railway Ferry Between the Washington Mainland and City of Victoria.

Within a year the sharp, shrill whistle of locomotives all the way from the east will probably be heard in Victoria, and the Queen City will be one of the termini of a transcontinental railway. Cash, brain and brawn, the promoters say, will bring within the limits of the City of Victoria Jim Hill's line, the Great Northern railway. That the Great Northern is coming into Victoria is not generally known but there are a few who have been let into the secret and as secrets generally do, this has crept out.

Two weeks ago several magnates of the Great Northern railway were on the Sound. They had come to pay a visit to the coast to show the friends of the road the beauty of the Pacific slope. At the same time an energetic business man of Victoria took the boat to the Sound and it was not long before he was in consultation with the railway men. His mission was to get the Great Northern to come to Victoria, and he was not only well but cordially received. His arguments were listened to, notes were taken, and questions were asked, which showed a like interest on behalf of the Great Northern people.

The proposition is to connect the Mainland of the State of Washington with the Island of Vancouver by a ferry built to carry across the cars, to make a landing a short way outside of Victoria and to run into the city on the metal. Though it is said that the scheme is almost an assured thing, yet there is a diversity of opinion as to the route to be taken. One idea is to run the proposed ferry from Fairhaven to Gordon Head, passing south of Lummi Island and north of Cypress and Blakely islands, between Shaw and Orcas island and north of San Juan. This route is a long one and that is an objection against it. The other route would be from Anacortes to run between Decatur and Blakely islands, to Victoria. There is still another route and that is to give the islands a wide berth and to enter the straits of San Juan de Fuca by way of Rosario straits. That route would be in the "open" entirely. The route is shorter than the other two, but the passage for a ferry is a more rough and dangerous one. These routes are projects, but they are given as showing that the subject is receiving earnest attention. The feasibility of a ferry is beyond dispute.

A railway ferry plies between Port Mulgrave, N. S. and Point Tupper, C. B., a distance of 1 1-4 miles, where there is an eight knot current, and two months of the year the passage is blockaded with ice from the Gulf of St. Lawrence. The ferry that does this work cost a little over $100,000. Between Grand Haven, Mich., and Milwaukee, Wis., a long and sometimes rough passage, ferrying is done with little or no trouble. But, nearer home, between points on San Francisco Bay, the plying of railway ferries is as common as the running of street cars.

It is not proposed in this instance to ferry over the engines, but to have engines ready on either side to couple on to the carriages and pull them off the ferry. A ferry that would suit the requirements, being seaworthy, able to carry a large tonnage and at the same time to make good speed would, it is estimated, cost in the neighborhood of $200,000 or $250,000. The projectors put the cost of the laying of track between $5000 and $6000 a mile, and but few miles will be required. On what terms the Great Northern will guarantee connection it is not known.

Legal Intelligence.

Mr. Justice Walkem yesterday in the suit of Turner, Beeton & Co. vs. the Price Canning Co. rendered judgment for the defendants with costs. Mr. W. J. Taylor for plaintiffs; E. V. Bodwell for defendants.

S. G. Campbell, of this city by his counsel, Mr. J. P. Walls, has instituted legal proceedings against Dr. Morrison, claiming $5000 damages for slander. It was in the last sitting of the assize court that Dr. Morrison in the case of Regina vs. himself was convicted and fined $400 and costs for malicious libel committed by him against the plaintiff herein. Since that time the plaintiff claims that the defendant still persists in publishing false and libelous statements against him and has brought this action to stop the defendant from further defaming his character and for damages that he has sustained from such annoyance.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

Clearance Sale of Furniture & Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains. *

YES,
I TELL YOU

Children will grow up to have a clear and healthy skin if they use
Baby's Own Soap,
and will keep it so, as long as they continue using it.
"Now don't you be softy and let your grocer sell you an inferior kind on which he makes more profit."
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.,
Manufacturers, MONTREAL

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY MATCH TO-DAY.

A lively game of Rugby football is being played at Caledonia park this afternoon. The contesting teams are the Somenos and the Victorias. Both fifteens have been putting in good practice and the match promises an excellent exhibition of Rugby.

A practice match is being played at Beacon Hill this afternoon between the Wanderers and the World. This is the last practice previous to the Wanderers meeting the Nanaimo Rangers at Nanaimo next Saturday.

At Beacon Hill this afternoon the Junior Wanderers and the second eleven of the Royal Marine Artillery play a game of association football.

YACHTING.

PRIX DE MONTE CARLO.

Cannes, March 9.—The yachts Britannia, Valkyrie, Oretta, Corsair and Ailsa started in the race for the Prix de Monte Carlo to-day. Just as the Ailsa was crossing the starting line her gaff was carried away and she withdrew. The Britannia won; Corsair second.

ELECT THEIR OFFICERS.

The Victoria Yacht Club elected officers last night. Commodore, G. A. Kirk; vice-commodore, Captain J. D. Warren; captain, J. Seeley; secretary-treasurer, G. Shedden; surgeon, Dr. D. B. Holden. C. A. Godson and Sergt.-Major Mulcahy were appointed a managing committee, and J. G. Elliott, Geo. Askew, J. Hall, A. H. Burnes and W. Croft a sailing committee; J. G. Elliott and J. Hall were chosen as auditors. Among the patrons of the society are Col. Prior, Capt. John Irving, R. P. Rithet, H. Bostock and A. C. Flumerfelt.

Ten new members were received into the club.

CANOEING.

CANOE CLUBHOUSE.

Tenders for the erection of a club house will be opened on the 14th instant. The site is adjoining James Bay Boat House. A building association has been formed of members of the club who will see to the carrying out of the work. The house will accommodate forty canoes, and will have dressing and bath rooms and meeting rooms. There will also be a large balcony.

CHIEF JUSTICE'S PLANS.

Mr. Davie Will Rest After Taking the Oath—His Place of Residence.

A Times reporter happened to meet Chief Justice Davie this morning and asked his lordship when he was to be sworn in. Mr. Davie replied: "Probably on Monday. I shall not, however, undertake actual judicial duties for three or four weeks yet, as I calculate to have a short holiday and will utilize the time in taking my nephew to Ottawa and putting him to school there. I shall leave either to-morrow or Monday."

"How about your place of residence? Are you going to live at Victoria or Vancouver?" asked the reporter.

"Well," said the chief justice, "my home of course is at Victoria, and I have no intention of breaking it up. To do so would involve me in a great pecuniary loss and discomfort. At the same time, I expect to spend a great deal of my time at Vancouver. Vancouver is entitled to have a Supreme Court judge there all the time, and it will be a matter of arrangement with the other judges as to what part of my time I spend there."

"Well, where do you expect to spend most of your time?" further queried the reporter.

"I am sure I cannot tell," said the chief justice. "I shall do my share of the work wherever it is, and whether I am to spend the greater or only a smaller portion of my time at Vancouver is a matter of indifference to me. I shall generally have some of my family with me whether in Victoria or Vancouver."

"Vancouver people complain that the judges are not there when business requires. For instance, there was no Supreme Court justice there this week, Mr. Davie," said the reporter.

"I don't know anything about that. I am only concerned with the future," was the reply.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is of great surprise and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passage in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by Geo. Morrison, druggist.

DISTRESS IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

Appalling Condition of Affairs at Holyrood—Relief from Boston.

St. Johns, Nfld., March 9.—Letters are being received daily telling of the appalling condition of affairs in Holyrood, 50 miles from St. Johns. According to the letters one thousand persons in the place are actually starving.

The steamship Grand Lake, from Halifax, with donations from Boston and Halifax, arrived here a few days ago and was welcomed by more than two thousand persons, who crowded the wharf and cheered with the wildest enthusiasm. The Stars and Stripes floated at the Grand Lake's masthead. Owing to the lateness of the hour it was decided to call a meeting of the relief committee at 9 o'clock to-morrow, when the goods will be handed over to the representatives of the various religious denominations for distribution to the unfortunate people throughout the island.

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal
Brand
Coffee
Universally accepted as the
Leading Fine Coffee of the World.
The only Coffee served at the
WORLD'S FAIR.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

There is No Exception
One Principle that All Agree Upon.

No matter what the station in life may be; no matter how many people differ in opinion on social or political subjects; there is one principle that all agree upon, and that is to secure the best value for the money in anything needed. There are times and conditions under which this rule cannot be applied, but this is due to the absence of money rather than the absence of knowledge. Oftentimes ones necessities demand the acquisition of a thing which of the best kind is beyond the extent of his or her possessions, and as a result must take the article that suits the purse rather than one that pleases the desires. The best is always the cheapest, even though the price should be in excess of the cheaper articles; but when you can secure the best at the same price as you can the inferior, why then there is no need for hesitation. This condition of things you will find in regard to FINDLEY'S SOAPS.

Ask your Grocer for them and take no other.

The Survival
...OF...
The Fittest

The fittest contrive
To longest survive
'Tis a fact the great savant computes;
In this we concur
And this week refer
To the style and fit of our suits.

NEW GOODS.
NEW PRICES.
SUITS FROM $18.
PANTS FROM $4.

W. D. Kinnaird,
The Cash Tailor, 45 Johnson St

MORE GOVERNMENT PROMISES

Farmers Contend That They Were Promised Compensation for Diseased Cattle.

Premier Turner Gets Very Mad and Makes an Exhibition of Himself.

Another of the many promises which the Davie government made and which as usual was not adhered to came out at the public meeting at Cedar hill school house last evening. The advertisement calling the meeting stated that it was for the object of discussing the question as to whether it would be advisable to oppose Hon. Mr. Eberts, who has to seek re-election on account of having accepted the office of attorney-general. The meeting had not been long in progress, however, before it became evident that the real object was to try and find out the policy of the government on the tuberculosis question. Messrs. Sabin and McRae contended that Hon. Mr. Turner had promised Mr. McRae compensation for the cattle he lost and the new premier just as flatly denied it, while the new attorney-general and Mr. Helmcken who ever since the disease broke out, have been trying to get compensation for the farmers, kept very quiet as to what promises had been made.

There was a large attendance at the meeting and a great deal of enthusiasm was displayed, even Col. Prior and one or two members of the local Tory association having suddenly come to the conclusion that they were greatly interested in the farmers and they arrived early and occupied front seats where they could call for the Colonel to speak and liberally applaud him when he was on his feet.

Mr. John F. Chandler was the unanimous choice for chairman and Mr. Geo. Saugster was chosen as secretary. The chairman called on the members of the government to speak but they thought that the other side should speak first. After some sparring as to who should speak Hon. Mr. Turner finally consented to do so. This, he said, was the first time he had spoken in Cedar Hill district, but he often passed through it and he found it a pleasure to get away from the bad roads of the city and get on to the good roads of the district. After some general remarks on roads he said the government had been virtually changed. He was only afraid that he would not fill his responsible position as well as he would like to do. He did not wish to take the position when it was offered him, but he did so rather than see the party go to pieces. When he did accept the position he had his eye on one gentleman for attorney-general and that gentleman was Mr. Eberts, the representative of South Victoria, who had always looked well after the district. Mr. Eberts had taken a great deal of interest in the tuberculosis question and had succeeded, after much urging, in securing compensation for the gentleman who had been more directly injured. Reference was made to depression prevailing but he thought there was some hope from mining which at present was the brightest prospect before the province. He admitted that the province had gone behind in its revenue and that the government had been called upon to make another loan and he gave himself a great puff for having been able to borrow more money.

Mr. Chandler asked the premier to outline the government's policy on the tuberculosis question. (Applause.)

Hon. Mr. Turner, after referring to hog cholera and the means taken to eradicate that, said that shortly after that disease had been stamped out it was found that a number of cattle around Vancouver were affected with tuberculosis. It was urged upon the government that something would have to be done. The government told the owners that they might get compensation from the Dominion government. Mr. MacRae was the gentleman who was told this. He telegraphed to the minister of agriculture at Ottawa as required by the Dominion act but the answer received was neither satisfactory nor definite. Hon. Mr. Davie was in Ottawa at the time and being informed of the facts by telegraph had several interviews with both the premier and the minister of agriculture. He found that there was an act on the Dominion statute book but no order-in-council had been passed to bring it into force. The Dominion government found that if they took up the question of compensation they would be undertaking a most formidable job so they decided to obtain reports and they promised to do something at the next session of the house. The general opinion was that some compensation would have to be paid, something like $20 a head. It was thought better to keep the cattle in quarantine until a more definite answer was received. He felt sorry for Mr. McRae but the act had to be carried out. Mr. McRae wanted compensation from the province but the government could not agree to that. They agreed to urge the Dominion government to compensate those who had lost cattle and the province would pay for their feed until they were destroyed. Mr. McRae was therefore paid $1000 for the feed of his cattle while they were in quarantine. No doubt the government exceeded their powers but the case was a hard one and it was uncertain what would be done as the Dominion government had not given any definite answer. There was hope, however, that the Dominion would do something. The provincial government could not bring in a bill to pay full compensation. The new act passed at the last session provided that an owner could call in an inspector and if his cattle were healthy demand a clean bill of health.

Mr. McRae asked Mr. Sabin to state what Mr. Turner told him when he (Mr. McRae) was in Portland.

Mr. Napoleon Sabin replied that he had charge of Mr. McRae's dairy while that gentleman was in Portland buying cows. He received a telegram from Ottawa, which he showed to Mr. Turner. He told Mr. Turner that he would not allow Inspector Roper to continue testing the cows unless Mr. McRae was to be paid for them as the telegram showed that it was not compulsory. Mr. Turner said the cattle would be paid for but it would have to be done on the quiet. "If you had not told me that (pointing to Mr. Turner) all the policemen in the country would not have quarantined or injected those cattle." (Applause.)

Hon. Mr. Turner (very excitedly)—That is untrue. There is not a word of truth in it. No member of the government could have made such a promise. He told Mr. Sabin that Mr. McRae would have to rely on the Dominion government for compensation.

Mr. McRae—You did promise that.

Hon. Mr. Turner denied again that he had made such a promise. Inspector Roper might have promised it but the government did not.

A gentleman—Is the government not responsible for the acts of their servants?

Hon. Mr. Turner admitted that they were but the question seemed to ruffle his temper as he said very excitedly, pointing to Mr. McRae: "That man is not telling the truth."

Mr. McRae—It is not only my word, Mr. Sabin tells you the same thing.

Hon. Mr. Turner—Mr. McRae begged to have his cattle killed but he was trying to get compensation from the province. Mr. McRae had been liberally dealt with. He had been paid $90 for a cow about which there was some doubt, and had received $1600 for feeding the cattle while they were in quarantine. He had never hinted that Mr. McRae would be paid quietly.

Mr. Sabin repeated that Mr. Turner had promised him that Mr. McRae would be paid for the cattle, and continued: "I should have taken Mr. Ebert's advice. He said 'his word is good (meaning Mr. Turner's) but get his writing' (Applause. You did promise that Mr. McRae would be paid."

Hon. Mr. Turner—I could not promise that.

Mr. Sabin—I know that you did.

Mr. McRae—Yes, and I know that you did. When the cows were first tested the inspectors admitted that they did not know whether the test was good. Many farmers got clean bills of health without having their cattle tested. The government had only bothered with his cows and those belonging to the Tolmie estate. They struck such a cyclone that they were glad to quit. He had lost many customers besides his fifty head of cows, which were the finest in the province, and yet the premier said he had been liberally dealt with because he had received a paltry 35 cents a day for feeding them. The government would liked to have left them to starve but he would have fed them if doing so had sent him to the poor house. He had taken a load of hay to them after he had said that he would not feed them any longer because he could not see them starve. He had been promised compensation and the farmers should see that he was compensated and that too before the next election. (Applause.) The reason why other men had clean bills of health was because their cattle had not been tested with tuberculin.

Hon. Mr. Turner—Prof. Saunders, who was here from Ottawa, killed one of your cows which you thought was sound and which he found badly affected.

Mr. McRae—Every farmer will shield his cattle if he knows that he will not be compensated if they are killed. There are men, who knowing their cattle are affected, are selling them to farmers all over the province, thus spreading the disease. If diseased cattle are paid for the disease will soon be stamped out and if not it will spread.

Mr. Chandler—The premier has spoken about the depression but if he and his government want to ruin the farmers entirely they will keep on killing cattle without compensating the owners. The government should carefully instruct their inspectors and not bring on a far worse calamity than now exists.

Hon. Mr. Turner was not sure that any more cattle would be killed.

Mr. Chandler—Then I understand that the government do not intend to have any more cattle killed. If that is the case Mr. McRae should certainly be compensated. Would it not, he asked, be just and right to compensate Mr. McRae.

Hon. Mr. Turner—I could not answer that. I would have to obtain the consent of both the government and the house.

A gentleman—You might as well kill the cattle as keep them in quarantine.

A gentleman—Where did Inspector Roper get authority to promise the farmer's compensation?

Hon. Mr. Turner—He did not have authority to promise compensation.

Inspector Roper did not know that he had misled anyone. Mr. McRae sold a beast that on being killed was found to be badly affected. He and Dr. Tolmie therefore went to McRae's place and condemned nine cattle. Mr. McRae admitted that one of the cattle was affected.

Mr. McRae—If any were affected.

Inspector Roper—Yes, that is right. He continued that he continued the inspection until he found 47 diseased cattle which were in quarantine for three months. He told Mr. McRae that possibly he would get something for the cows. He did no think that he said that Mr. McRae would be paid.

Dr. Tolmie—I understood you to say that partial compensation would be paid.

Inspector Roper—I said that was the law in other countries.

Dr. Tolmie—I understood you to say that full compensation would be paid for cattle which were killed and found not to be affected and partial compensation for diseased cattle.

A gentleman—Did you have authority from the government to promise compensation?

Inspector Roper—Not any further than about the Dominion government compensation.

A gentleman—Where I came from we usually believe a government servant when he makes promises.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said he had done his best for the district and would do so as long as he represented it. He did not know that there was so much tuberculosis in the district until he had been approached by Mr. McRae, who asked him to intercede with the government on his behalf, and he did so. Hon. Mr. Davie said he could not promise compensation for the cattle, but they would pay for the feed for the cattle while in quarantine and urge the Dominion government to pay for the cattle. He had helped Mr. McRae all he could and if returned he would not change his coat. It was the duty of the Dominion government to pay compensation, there being an act on their statute book to that effect. He read the Dominion government act providing for compensation. Mr. McRae had carried out the provisions as provided in the act and when he telegraphed to Ottawa he received a reply stating that tuberculosis was not on the schedule although it was mentioned in the act. The Dominion government could order compensation to be paid. He had done all he could for the district, and the position he had been placed in would allow him to do more in the future. By appointing him to the cabinet the government had paid a compliment to the district. He did not expect to fill it as well as the late attorney-general, but he would do his best for the province and Victoria district. (Applause.)

A question being asked as to the tariff, Mr. Eberts said he did not wish to mix provincial and Dominion politics.

Lieut.-Col. Prior being called said all knew that he was a protectionist and he thought it was the life and blood of the farmers as they could not compete with the farmers of the other side. He expected that his name would be placed before the Conservative convention and he asked those present to attend the convention and vote for himself and Mr. Earle. The provincial government having brought about the quarantining of cattle he could not see how the Dominion could be asked to pay for them, but he thought that in a year or so they would find it necessary to do so. If he went back to Ottawa after the election, for he did not think that there would be a session before an election, he would carry out the wish of the farmers.

A gentleman in the audience did not thing the members knew what the farmers of the province wanted. He explained what he thought the province wanted.

Col. Prior agreed with the gentleman. He was in favor of a higher tariff and would vote to place the tariff back where it was before the last session.

Mr. Helmcken had had the fun which he expected when he decided to attend the meeting. While it was undoubtedly the right of the Dominion government to deal with tuberculosis, he did not see why the provincial government should bother with it. The provincial government was not empowered to give compensation for the cattle. If a wrong is done it should be remedied, and if the provincial government had made a mistake they should give those who have suffered some compensation. He spoke at some length about the tuberculin test, the infallibility of which he had some doubt about. He was perfectly certain that the provincial government did not intend to use their act any further in regard to tuberculosis. He had taken a stand and would stick to it and if they wanted to fight he was ready. Before long he intended to arrange for a test case to find out if farmers who were injured should not receive compensation. He complimented Mr. Eberts and the district on that gentleman's elevation to the cabinet. (Applause.)

The chairman was not yet satisfied with the premier's explanation of the tuberculosis question. He would like to know what the government would do to get compensation for the farmers.

Hon. Mr. Turner repeated that the Dominion government would be urged to give compensation. He would not say what would be done if they were not successful. With all respect to the Dominion representatives, the Dominion government was not too read to ready to spend their money in this province and they should be urged to pay the compensation.

The chairman asked those who were in favor of the object for which the meeting was called to remain and they would proceed to business. The reporters were included among those who were requested to retire.

After some discussion the following resolution was put and carried unanimously:

"Moved by David Stephens, seconded by W. J. Clarke: That this meeting do not put a man in the field against Mr. Eberts, but urge that the government take strenuous steps to get compensation for cattle already slaughtered and in quarantine."

Don't Wait

till Sickness Comes before Buying a Bottle of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

You may need it to-night

BARRON WINS.

The Celebrated Will Case Decided in Favor of the Contestant.

San Jose, Cal., March 8.—In the Barron will case the jury brought in a verdict for the contestant, George Barron, son of the dead millionaire, who had been left an income of three thousand dollars a year. Judge Lorigal this morning gave the respondents thirty days in which to prepare a motion for a new trial. It is generally believed among the attorneys that the decision of the jury will hold. By the verdict George Barron receives $250,000 of the two million dollar estate.

People Make Money by Using Diamond Dyes.

In every section of Canada, Diamond Dyes are blessings and enable people to save money and make money. One user of Diamond Dyes says:

"I have been using your dyes for seven years. I can only say that they are the best on the market. I have made as high as $24 a week in dyeing, and could not give satisfaction unless I used Diamond Dyes. I would not be without them, for I consider that when I am without Diamond Dyes I consider I am without money."

Another user says: "My wife has thoroughly tested the Diamond Dyes, and they are better than any we have ever used. She used them according to directions, and we have washed the goods in strong soapsuds, exposed them to the piercing winds of our cold winter, and afterwards to bright sunlight, and they retain their beautiful fresh color."

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side, and symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

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The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Unscented, will not stain. Invigorates those organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed in stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25.

Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the — and — of each month at — o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Don't Put It Off.

The necessity of a spring medicine is universally admitted. This is the best time of the year in which to purify the blood, to restore the lost appetite, and to build up the entire system, as the body is now peculiarly susceptible to benefit from medicine. The great popularity attained by Hood's Sarsaparilla, owing to its real merit and its remarkable success, has established it as the very best medicine to take in the spring. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, and all humors, biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, kidney and liver complaints, catarrh, and all affections caused or promoted by low state of the system or impure blood. Don't put it off, but take Hood's Sarsaparilla now. It will do you good.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily

STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily Noon.
Victoria.	Ar. 12:00
Duncan's.	11:46
Shawnigan.	11:18
Cobble Hill.	11:08
Maple Bay.	11:03
Somenos.	10:55
Chemainus.	10:38
Oyster Bay.	10:32
Nanaimo.	10:02
Wellington.	Lv. 9:00

NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No. 2 Pass. Daily

STATIONS.	No. 2 Pass. Daily P.M.
Wellington.	Dep. 3:00
Nanaimo.	3:30
Chemainus.	4:11
Somenos.	4:24
Cobble Hill.	4:34
Shawnigan.	4:39
Duncan's.	4:51
Maple Bay.	5:03
Oyster Bay.	5:09
Chemainus.	5:14
Somenos.	5:27
Cobble Hill.	5:37
Shawnigan.	5:42
Duncan's.	5:54
Victoria.	Ar. 6:00

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Connox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's local office, Victoria. Store on Jete

Cheap Rates TO SOUTH AFRICA VIA THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

For Rates and full information apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B.C.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.

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CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

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Startling Prices Boys' School Suits, $1.50, $1 60, $2 00, $2.25, $2.50, etc. Men's Business Suits, $5, $6, $7 50, $8.50, etc 15 Cases just to hand **Exceptional Values**

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NEW MEN! NEW WOMEN!

Made So by Paine's Celery Compound.

The Great Spring Medicine that Gives New Life and Strength to Sick and Diseased People.

New men and new women—renewed and re-created beings—every day bless the memory of the great medical genius who gave to the world the wonderful health-restorer, Paine's Celery Compound.

To-day, thousands of nervous, dyspeptic, rheumatic, neuralgic and broken-down men and women are using Paine's Celery Compound in preference to all other medicines. Why is this? Simply because it possesses virtues and health-giving properties that are unknown to ordinary remedies. Hundreds of thousands in our fair Dominion are ready to affirm that Paine's Celery Compound "makes people well."

"Mr. A. McGruer, of Dixon's Corners, Ont., says: "Paine's Celery Compound made me a new man." His letter reads as follows:

"About six months ago my condition of health was alarming and I suffered very much. I was laid up three days out of every week, and I often said to my friends that it would be better, if it was the Lord's will that I should be called away. Three of the best doctors attended me, but could not relieve me in any way. I was then advised to use Paine's Celery Compound, which brought relief at once. After using this great remedy I find myself a new man, and feel just as bright as a boy of eighteen years. I think it is the greatest medicine in the world, and would strongly recommend it to all who suffer."

BEHRING SEA CLAIMS.

Senator Morgan Says British Demands Are Excessive.

Washington, March 8.—The interrogatories addressed by Sir Edward Grey, in the House of Commons on Thursday relative to what the United States proposed doing in the matter of paying the Behring sea seizure claims and the answer made by the under foreign secretary it is thought might have taken a widely different turn had the senate permitted Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, and one of the arbitrators on the part of the United States, at the Paris tribunal, to have stated the account between the governments as he had prepared it and as he sought to publish it in the record during the closing hours of Congress. Mr. Morgan asked to be permitted to print in the record an account which he said that the claim for damages made by the British government for the capture of sealing vessels in Behring sea was greatly excessive, but objection was made. Mr. Morgan then gave in detail the names of the vessels and the claims made on their behalf, which was the statement he desired to include in the record. The claims showed that the amount claimed by Great Britain, with interest, was $542,169.26; the amount proposed to be allowed by Secretary Gresham was $425,000. Mr. Morgan said the schedule of claims for each vessel contained an item designated variously as "probable catch," "balance of catch," "estimated balance of catch," etc. These were clearly prospective profits or speculative damages, and were all based on future or contingent events, forming no basis of fact on which an equitable finding as to the amount of damages could be predicted. They should not be allowed. Mr. Morgan estimated that the excess proposed to be allowed by Secretary Gresham was fully $182,000. He added: "The above figures and comparisons are based entirely upon the supposition that every vessel included in the schedule of claims submitted by Sir Julian Pauncefote was owned by a British subject. It appears, however, that the United States counter cases submitted to the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration at Paris, that ten vessels were in fact owned by citizens of the United States." He figured up the general result as follows: Total amount claimed by Great Britain, $542,169.26; total amount of claims of United States citizens presented, $359,853.89; the balance resulting being the amount claimed by British owners, $182,315.59. But of this amount claimed by British subjects, speculative damages were included to the amount of $111,391, thus leaving the amount claimed by British subjects, less speculative damages, $70,924.59."

Senator Morgan therefore concludes that Great Britain claims the sum of $542,169 and that the amount due with interest is $96,102, making an excess in the claims without interest over the amount due with interest at $446,000. The secretary of state proposed to allow $425,000, which is by this account, according to Senator Morgan's figures, $328,897 in excess of the total amount due British subjects with the interest computed. "The government of the United States," said Mr. Morgan in conclusion, "has no agreement and no admission of any indebtedness to Great Britain on account of any of these claims and has not admitted any principles on which the claim of Great Britain is based."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

"THANKS, MY LORD."

To the Editor: Kindly say for the general information of the public, where the petition for the remission for the three years' sentence imprisonment imposed by Justice Crease, on the man Simpson for use in his presence of the above words, is lying in wait for signature. I have heard many inquiries and could not say. It is said that the petitions are being numerously signed, and it is no doubt safe to say that 90 out of every 100 of the entire population if given the chance will be glad to sign. Why not place a man with table and petition at Campbell's corner, and test public feeling on the matter that way?

There is an old proverb that a cat may look at a king, but it is evident, according to Judge Crease, a man must not dare to speak in his presence. It is the Caron spirit again; truly Caron and Crease hold the faith in the unity of spirit, that men are dogs. When our postmen, after months of patient waiting and entreaty for their just rights, ventured to draw public attention to the shameful treatment they were subject to, there was less regard shown them than would have been shown to-day. Are we British subjects with British rights, or are we Russian serfs or Chinese slaves? Which?

All such men as Caron and Crease should be removed from and forever from every public position. They receive enormous salaries out of all proportion to their worth, and they imagine themselves to be the masters instead of the servants of the public.

Will somebody call an indignation meeting for 4 o'clock on Monday night, say on James Bay mud flats?

J. SMITH.

Victoria, March 8.

PREACHER vs. PRESSMAN.

To the Editor: Your correspondent's report of the action taken by the presbytery of Victoria in regard to my complaint against the Rev. D. A. McRae, pastor of St. Andrew's church in this city, is, I think, slightly misleading. He states that the complaint was referred to a special committee for investigation, who subsequently reported that I was in fault. It must not be understood that I was in any way on trial. On a recent occasion the Rev. D. A. McRae made a personal attack upon me in his church during the course of a sermon, referring to me by name in grossly insulting language. As I knew of no possible justification for Mr. McRae's remarkable behaviour I had the matter brought before the presbytery in the shape of a complaint. The committee appointed to investigate the complaint did not, so far as I am aware, deal with it at all. They made some enquiries as to certain paragraphs referring to Mr. McRae which had appeared in the local paper previous to the delivery of the sermon complained of, for which, by some peculiar reasoning, they concluded that I was "morally responsible," and thereupon recommended the dismissal of my complaint. The presbytery did not discuss the matter at all. My complaint was not read, nor were the paragraphs previously alluded to produced. The committee's recommendation was adopted on the motion of one of the framers thereof, after being seconded by another member of the aforesaid committee. F. J. DEANE.

Nanaimo, March 7th, 1895.

The scrofulous taint which has been in your blood for years, will be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

—Capt. M. Patterson, the officer to be put in charge of the food and shelter home here, will arrive to-night by the Charmer. The Salvationists will meet him at the boat and he will address them at the barracks, and at the Sunday meetings. Capt. Patterson has been connected with the Salvation Army life-boat service at Toronto for many years.

WEAK-MAN

Cure yourself in fifteen days. I will send Free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weakness in young or old men. Cures lost manhood, nervous weakness, impotency in 15 days. I will also furnish remedies if desired. Enclose stamp and address P.O. Box 578, Toronto, Ont. e-o-d

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Sores, and all Eruptions.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Liver, Stomach and Kidney Troubles, and Cleanses the Blood of all Impurities.

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

Cures Old Chronic Cases where all other remedies fail. Be sure and ask your Druggist for

BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla

MADAME LAIRD'S CONCERT.

A Good Programme Presented at Metropolitan Church Last Night

Madame Laird had a fair audience at her benefit concert at the Metropolitan Methodist church last night. The programme was first class. The choir of thirty voices opened with the glee "Oh by Rivers," (Bishop). Clement Rowlands was the leader. The blending of the voices and the excellent time showed careful training. Madame Laird sang that choice piece of classical music, the Inflammatus from Rossini's Stagat Mater. Her voice was true and clear, and her high notes were well taken. The chorus of the choir was an efficient aid to the soloist. Miss Styles played a harp solo, "Gems of Verdi," and received merited applause. She also played the accompaniment to Madame Laird's song, "'Tis the Harp in the Air," a piece of great sweetness and the effect of which was added to by the harp accompaniment. "In the Dusk of the Twilight," was a song to which Mrs. Rowlands and Mrs. Mifflin did full justice. Mrs. Mifflin's voice was heard to advantage in the "Last Muster;" it is a pathetic piece and the singer gave it full effect. Clement Rowlands sang "Trafel," and was heartily applauded. Mr. Harris's solo "Come Unto Me," was appreciated, and the quartette "All Among the Barley," by Madame Laird, Mrs. Rowlands, Mr. Wolff and Mr. Rowlands, was a lovely production. Fred Richardson sang the "Merry Monk;" his rendition was excellent. Mr. Brown's song, "The Four Jolly Smiths," was received with applause. Mr. Wolff played the violin, and the audience listened to melody from the most melodious of instruments. The comic recitation, "Love in a Balloon," by Mr. Allan, put the audience in roars laughter. W. J. Dowler presided.

Catarrah Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes—One short puff of the breath through the Blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. 60 cents. At Geo. Morrison's.

The Seductive Politician Wins Votes by

"Ways that are dark
And tricks that are vain,"

But an honest cigar wins regard because of the superior quality of the tobacco and the skilful care exercised in its manufacture

The undermentioned brands can always be relied upon, and the smoker who cannot find among these a weed to his taste is hard to please indeed.

"Sonodora,"
"Mi Rosa,"
"Creme de la Creme,"
"Fortier's La Fayette."

ELECTION CARDS.

To the Electors of Victoria District

I beg leave to announce that I am a candidate for election to the House of Commons at the next general election.

A. DeCOSMOS.

Victoria, B.C., February 26, 1895.

To the Electors.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

Whereas the Legislature has so amended the School Act as to allow women to become members of the School Board, and whereas the Women's Council of Victoria, believing that the time has come when mothers should share in the responsibility of the education of their children, has requested me to become a candidate for the position of School Trustee at the approaching election, I have consented to do so, and respectfully ask your support in the coming contest.

mar4-td. MARIA GRANT.

School Trustee Election.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: Having been requested by a large number of my former supporters to become a candidate for the position of school trustee at the ensuing election, I beg to place my services at your disposal. If elected I shall seek to promote the best interests of education in the city.

D. SPRAGGE.

To the Electors.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

The Legislature having provided for an additional School Trustee, I again announce myself as a candiate for the honor.

As my principles have so recently been placed before you there is no need at the present time to reiterate them; but promise that, if elected, I will use my best endeavors to promote efficiency in teaching, the comfort and well-being of the pupils and economy in expenditure.

Trusting that the large number of friends who expressed confidence in me on the previous occasion will at the ensuing election be greatly increased, I am, respectfully,

D. CARTMEL.

TENDERS WANTED.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to Thursday, March 14th, at 4 p.m., for the erection of a new Boat House for the use of the Victoria Canoe Club. Plans and specifications can be seen at the C. P. R. Telegraph office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. CHRISTIE,
Sec'y-Treas. V. C. C. Bldg. Ass'n.
mar8 5t

TENDERS

To be addressed to the undersigned will be received up to noon of the 20th day of March, 1895, for the purchase of 25 shares in the steam schooner "Mischief," of the Port of Victoria.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 8th day of March, 1895.

YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria, Solicitors for the Mortgagee.
mar8-td

Estate of Russell, McDonald & Co.

TENDERS FOR STOCK.

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 20th inst., at noon, for the Stock and Fixtures in the stores lately occupied by Russell, McDonald & Co., at Vancouver and Victoria. Tenders must state the amount in the dollar they are willing to give, and tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque for 10 per cent. on the amount of their bid, payable to the undersigned. Full particulars may be had on the premises at each place, or from the assignee to whom all tenders are to be addressed.

Terms cash. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. T. HULL,
Assignee, Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria, B.C.

SCHOOL TRUSTEE ELECTION.

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of Victoria that I require the presence of the said electors at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, on Thursday, the 7th day of March, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them on the Board of School Trustees.

The mode of nomination shall be as follows: The candidate shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nominations, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on Monday, the 11th March, 1895, at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street. Of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given undes my hand at Victoria, this 1st day of March, 1895.

W. K. BULL,
Returning Officer.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Mr. F. B. Atherton is my authorized collector.

LEWIS HALL.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 50 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 49 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 43 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stonemason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcom accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 50 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. f21-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 13th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oct8-tf City Engineer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SHOEMAKERS TO ORGANIZE.

They Will Form an Association Regardless of Affiliations.

Boston, March 9.—The committee appointed by the general labor council of shoemakers, composed of representatives of the Lasters Union and Knights of Labor, reported yesterday in favor of the organization of all shoemakers of the country under one head without regard to their present affiliations. A call was issued for a convention of delegates from shoemakers' organizations of the country for a convention to be held in Boston n April 10th, for the purpose of taking the action recommended.

UNITED STATES NAVY.

Two More Ships to be Commissioned for the Behring Sea Patrol.

Washington City, March 8.—The increase of the enlisted force of the navy by 1,000 men, as allowed by congress, will, it is estimated at the department, afford the means to put in commission five ships which have been lying idle at the navy yard. There are the Boston, which has been out of commission at the Mare Island navy yard for nearly a year meanwhile undergoing extensive repairs; the armoured cruiser Maine, built at the New York navy yard, but never in service; the double-turreted monitor Ampuritite, begun away back in the Chandler administration and only recently finished at the Norfolk navy yard; the Lancaster, a man-of-war with honorable record, transformed at the New York navy yard last fall for a school ship, and the Marion, which was repaired at the Mare Island navy yard last summer after long service at the China station. The addition of the Boston and the Marion to the Pacific station will greatly aid the department in its efforts to provide a suitable fleet early next summer for service in the Behring sea patrol.

Washington, March 9.—Secretary Herbert has promptly taken up the programme for an increase in the navy provided in the bill signed the last day of congress, and the machinery of the navy department for issuing designs and specifications has already been put in motion. Of the eleven vessels authorized the secretary is determined that at least nine shall be completed and commissioned during his present term of office and that the other two will be launched before March 4th, 1897.

Brief Locals.

—Inexpensive room mouldings. Mellor.

—The Thistle arrived in port this afternoon from the halibut fishing grounds. She brought down 100,000 pounds of fish, the better part of which will be transshipped to New York and Boston. The Isabel was in tow. She has been used as a station house at the fishing grounds. The weather was reported very fine and fishing good.

—The cases of the five Chinese of whom Shan Sun Ying swears he is in fear of bodily harm were taken up in the police court this morning. Geo. E. Powell appeared for the prosecution and Lindley Crease for the defence. Charley Sing, who is in custody on another charge, saw the proceedings from the dock, where he sat alone. The principal part of the session was taken up with the evidence of the prosecuting witnesses. The case was not concluded when it was time for adjournment, and it was remanded until Monday.

—A movement is on foot for the revival of the old volunteer fire brigade, to be organized on the basis of a mutual or friendly society, such as the Pioneer Society, the object being to foster the feelings and relations of good fellowship and friendship that existed when the brigade was an active body. The idea has been talked over a good deal by some of the members of the department, and it is more than likely that a meeting will be called shortly to discuss the proposition in a more definite shape than it has taken so far. It is proposed, as there are somewhere about one hundred or more members of the old department here, that they should have a society or club room, which should be called "home," and which should contain relics and mementos of the stirring times in days gone by.

—Hundreds of Victorians are signing the petition to the Governor-General asking him to remit the sentence of three years imposed upon John Simpson by Hon. Mr. Justice Crease for saying "Thanks, your Lordship" after he had been sentenced to five years for burglary. The petition after reciting the facts says "Your petitioners regard with alarm such a violation of the liberty of a subject of our most gracious sovereign and we respectfully submit that the imposition of a sentence of three years for for contempt of court (added to an already severe sentence), is out of all proportion to the offence committed, and it has made a deep impression on the minds of the people in this province adverse to said additional sentence. Your petitioners therefore humbly pray: That your excellency will be pleased in the interests of justice, to commute the sentence upon the prisoner John Simpson." One of the petitions circulated to-day was signed by upwards of 500 persons before 4 o'clock.

The scrofulous taint which has been in your blood for years, will be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.

MISLEADING STATEMENTS.

To the Editor:—"Nothing is so misleading as facts, except figures" appears to be the complaint of Trustee Lovell, in the very remarkable production which appeared under the above title in your issue of yesterday. Figures certainly have misled Mr. Lovell and caused him to sign his name to an argument which is simply a travesty of logic founded upon some very distorted facts.

He disputes the first fact advanced in the teachers' statement by a method which would be ingenious if it were only original. He cuts off 11 teachers, under the title of monitors, with an average salary of $34.54 per month. Mr. Lovell knows, at least everybody else knows, that the distinction between a teacher and monitor consists only in a difference of salary, that a monitor has the same duties and the same responsibilities as a teacher in a graded school, that he passes the same examinations, and as soon as his salary is raised to $50 per month he is no longer a monitor. Was Mr. Lovell ignorant of this very simple fact, or was he presuming on the ignorance of the public?

He meets two arguments of the teachers by a confession of ignorance. "I do not know much about Seattle and Tacoma schools," he says, but he is "informed" that schools are neglected in some of the less progressive American states! Is this argument? Or is it any argument to make a distinction between high schools and collegiate institutes? Any Ontario man will tell Mr. Lovell that the difference is the same as that between a cow and a calf—only size.

Mr. Lovell objects to the statement that our male teachers are receiving $60 per month on an average, and makes it $75 per month, probably by the jugglery of omitting a monitor at $40 per month and adding the high school teachers; but he inserts among his Ontario figures "average salary paid male teachers in cities, $894!" If that is correct, Victoria is very, very far behind Ontario cities in liberality.

The teachers of Victoria will not thank Mr. Lovell for his concluding remarks, even if some of them are true. It is certainly not "good form for the teachers to compare their salaries with those of government officials," because the latter are appointed either on account of merit or on the strength of a political "pull," while teachers have not the latter alternative; the officials may be educated or they may not be, for there is no examination to pass, so it is true that "the conditions are altogether different." Most certainly they are, but the teachers don't like to be told, in so many words not to compare themselves with their betters because the latter have the misfortune to be public servants.

The teachers made no "contemptuous allusions" to policemen or others; they simply stated the fact that these other city employees do not pass any examination and may therefore be presumed to possess a lower average amount of technical education. They are no doubt better fitted for their duties as policemen and bookkeepers than any equal number of teachers, and they are no more ashamed of receiving public money than are school teachers, supposing it to be fairly earned. But neither teacher nor policeman is under compliment to any taxpayer for a salary earned by his labor, and no competent teacher ought to toady to Mr. Lovell or the taxpayers when he asks only fair pay for honest work. I am glad to be able to agree with Mr. Lovell in one thing. I cannot think that the teachers of Victoria are badly paid. They are not complaining of bad pay; they are simply fighting for self-preservation against a proposed reduction of their salaries. If salaries come down in bad times, will Mr. Lovell guarantee that they shall be raised again in good times? He will not; and I think the trustees of Victoria are more likely to keep up salaries and raise the standard of efficiency than to pursue a "penny wise, pound foolish" policy. Yours obediently,

ONE REMOTELY INTERESTED.

Victoria, March 9.

MANCHESTER SHIP CANAL.

To the Editor: I beg to contradict the statement made in the Victoria Colonist that the Manchester Ship Canal Co. was a failure. This is quite incorrect, as reports which I receive weekly are very promising indeed, and have been for the last three months. In fact I fail to see how any company with such large capital can be an utter failure when the ordinary shares hold their ground as these have done for the last twelve months. For the Colonist's benefit I would state that the present price is nearly 3 pounds, and that they have risen one pound in the last six weeks. This surely does not look like failing, as there are seven other stocks which are equally firm and improving. Then again the receipts increase nearly 20 per cent. weekly and are still doing so. They also say the canal cost 20,000,000 pounds, which is again incorrect. As a matter of fact it has cost only 17,000,000 pounds. I contradict their statement for the benefit of shareholders in Victoria, of whom I know there are quite a number, and also because they are liable to create a bad impression in business circles.

A SHAREHOLDER.

Victoria, March 8.

One of Brigham Young's daughters advises all the girls to remain single and free. This is a more dangerous extreme than the doctrine advanced by her father.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Good man—My boy, I saw you come out of that saloon. I hope you are not so depraved as to drink beer. Boy—Oh, no, sir; I went in to buy some cigaroots an' pass a counterfeit dollar on de new bartender.—Judge.

A LOGICAL DOG.

He Was Determined to Recover His Master's Property.

Having derived much pleasure from reading the frequent natural history notes which from time to time appear in the Spectator, I venture to send you an instance of what seems to me the working of canine mind under quite different circumstances. The first refers to an incident which happened a great many years ago. It was this: One day, when a lad, I was walking with my father accompanied by a strong smooth-haired retriever called Turk. We were joined by the bailiff of the farm, and in the course of our walk Turk suddenly discovered the presence of a rabbit hiding in what in Scotland is called a "dry stane dyke." After a little trouble in removing some stones, poor bunny was caught and slaughtered, being handed to the bailiff, who put it in his coat pocket. Shortly afterwards we separated, the bailiff going to his home in one direction, and we to ours in an opposite one.

Before we reached home we noticed that Turk was no longer with us, at which we were rather surprised, as he was a very faithful follower. Some time after we got home, perhaps an hour, I chanced to see a strange object on the public road which puzzled me as to what it was. It raised a cloud of dust as it came along, which partly obscured the vision. What was my surprise when I found that it was Turk dragging a man's shooting jacket, which proved to be the bailiff's, with the rabbit still in the pocket. We afterwards learned that the dog, to the surprise of the bailiff, quietly followed him home, and lay down near him. Presently the man took of his coat and laid it on a chair. Instantly Turk pounced upon it and dashed to the door with it in his mouth. He was pursued, but in vain, and succeeded in dragging th coat from the one house to the other, a distance of one mile and three-fourths. It was evident the dog had a strong sense of the rights of property. He believed the rabbit belonged to his master, so he set himself to recover what he thought stolen goods.—London Spectator.

SUNDAY IN CITY CHURCHES.

Where and How Victorians Will Worship To-Morrow.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West.—Services at the usual hour. Rev. D. Macrae, pastor.

Centennial Methodist Church, Rev. J. Hall—11 a.m., "The Central Idea of Christianity." Evening, J. D. P. Rhox will preach.

Fist Presbyterian Church, corner of Blanchard and Pandora streets; Rev. Dr. Campbell, pastor—Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school and bible class at 2:30 p.m. Mr. Meston is superintendent of Sunday school and Dr. Lang is teacher of Bible class. The pastor will occupy the pulpit at both services.

Emmanuel Baptist Church—Rev. P. H. McEwen, pastor will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Morning subject, "The Great Transformation." Evening subject, "Going Straight Forward." Sunday school and pastor's bible class at 2:30 p.m.

Central Presbyterian Church, corner Kingston and Oswego streets, James Bay—The pastor, Rev. P. McF. McLeod will preach morning and evening. At the evening service the boy's brigade will parade.

Theosophical Society, 28 Broad street, Williams Block.—Public meeting at 8:15 p. m. sharp. "Death and After."

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street—Rev. Thomas Baldwin, the pastor, will preach morning and evening. Subject, 11 a. m., "Joyful Zion—Why?" 7 p.m., "The presentation of the bride to the Father in the end." 12:15 p.m., Sunday school; 6:15 B. Y. P. U. prayer meeting. Pastor's reception Tuesday evening.

Church of Our Lord, R.E., Humboldt st.—Services as usual. 11 a.m. and 7 xxfficmbta Services as usual, 11 a.m. and 7 p. m.; preacher, the Bishop. Children's service 3 p.m., conducted by Rev. G. C. King.

Evangelical Church of England, King's Road, cor. Third st.—Services as usual, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; preacher the Rev. G. C. King. Evening subject, "The Compassion of Christ." Sunday school at 3 p.m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian, cor. of Douglas and Broughton sts., pastor the Rev. W. Leslie Clay.—At 11 a.m. the B. C. B. G. A. will attend the service. The pasor will preach both morning and evening. Sabbath school and bible class at 2:30 p.m.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—F S Barnard, Dr Milne, Justice Drake, W J Gaudin, J Freeman, H S Scott, W Marchant, Dr McGuigan, C C Eldridge, T F McGuigan, F G Turner, W Smith, Mr Elford, E W Murphy, Miss Ritchie, Haynes Reed, Mrs C M Tate, J B Hobson, H Frost W W Tingley, W B Barry, J A Heiger, Mrs Heiger, F G Healey, Mrs J Blackwood, Rev C M Tate, C G Griffith, G Solloway, John Bennett, John Hepburn.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Jas Wright, W W Ray, E W Philpott, G Giles, C E Warner, F A Nitchey, J A Cohen, F Wright, W Welford, A Oscett, M Nichols, J Hallbrook.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Lenz & Leiser, Turner, Beeton & Co, D Spencer, Naval Storekeeper, J McCallum, J Freel, Weiler Bros, J Piercy & Co, Capt J Gaudin, E B Marvin, S Shore, Thorpe & Co, Justice Crease, G C Shaw & Co, J Horner, McMillan Bros, S Leiser, B & K M Co, Alex Henderson & Jenkins, M & H Vigor, Mrs Phillips, Wootton & Barnard, Langley & Co, A C Martin, W J Jeffree, R J Matthews, T Shotbolt, W Wilson, Mrs Bickford, Hon Edgar Dewdney, Gilmore & McC, R P Rithet, W P Janes, Jas Todd, E H Wadsworth, B & K M Co, Nicholles & R, W & J Wilson, Blair & Gordon, M & H A Fox, A McGregor & Son, John Parsons, E Wall & Co, J Nott, Wilson Bros, W Blackle, Dom Ex Co.

Per steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, E Wall & Co, Fell & Co, Fred Carne, jr, Hall & Co, J Savannah, J & A Clearthuie, J H Todd & Son, John Earsman & Co, A M Beck, Langley & Co, Langley & Co, N Berger, Percy James, P McQuade & Son, R Baker & Son, P B Oxley, R Jamieson, S Leiser, Soranto Candy Co, S O'Brien, Victoria Steam Laundry, Victoria & Phœnix Brewery Co, Wilson Bros, W & J Wilson, Western Shipping Co, Wells Fargo Co.

Per str City of Kingston from hte Sound—Kurtz & Co, Turner Beeton & Co, W Bickford, J H Tye & Co, J L Raymur, Hall, R & Co, Mainland Nursery Co, C P N Co, G Maynard, Thos Fletcher, Langley & Co, R P Rithet & Co, J Piercy & Co, Lenz & Leiser, W & J Wilson, Thos Dunn, Matthews & R, Y & S, J Davies, J C Schemerhorn, J H Todd, & Co, S Leiser & Co, Gore, Burnett & Co, B C Cold Storage & I Co, W H Donnan, W S Gore, Ellis & Co, E E Blackwood, Mrs J P George.

Per steamer Rosalie from theSound—R B Oxley, N W Produce Co, Langley & Co, Vale & Brooks, E P Fewster.

The debutante covered her face with her hands.

"Never," she faltered. "In such a costume? I dare not."

But presently her courage revived.

"The hats," she joyfully exclaimed, "I never thought of the hats."

She tripped confidently upon the stage feeling that nobody would see her after all.—Chicago Times.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Good Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

Mrs. Goldman

Wishes to inform the ladies of Victoria that she has opened her business of

Hair Dresser and Worker,

at No. 1 View Street, opposite Driard. Hair dressed in the latest style, Switches, Bangs, Hair Chains, Etc., made to order at most reasonable prices. Combings made up. Bangs cut and cured.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:

No. 1 View Street, Opposite Driard

CITY OF EVERETT.

New Whaleback to Take Another Cargo —Alki for Alaska.

San Francisco, March 9.—The new whaleback steamer City of Everett returned from Port Costa last evening, having discharged her cargo of coal. She will go to Comox in ballast shortly for another cargo of coal.

The steamer Alki will soon take her departure for Puget Sound. She will compete with the steamer Willapi for the next load of passengers and freight for Alaska and way ports.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.—South American Rheumatic Cure, for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison, druggist.

EPHRAIM'S PATENT IRONCLAD BOOT, Patent No. 42,233,

Can be obtained from

The Ames Holden Company, Ltd.

Shall We Be Friends?

The newspaper's columns are probably our means of introduction to you. But once you know us and get acquainted with our way of doing business, we are sure the result will be a business friendship that will grow firmer as the years roll by.

Creighton,

86 Government St.,

The Tailor.

Drop in and see our Spring Suitings.

Billiard Supplies

OF ALL KINDS AT LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Agents for Samuel May & Co.'s

Pool and Billiard Tables.

REPAIRS done and Tables recovered on short notice.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

64 Government Street

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Numidian	Mar. 16
Allan Line, Mongolian	Mar. 30
Allan Line, Laurentian	Apr. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Mar. 23
Dominion Line, Labrador	Apr. 6
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Apr. 20

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Mar. 16
Cunard Line, Lucania	Mar. 23
American Line, Paris	Mar. 20
American Line, New York	Mar. 27
White Star Line, Britannic	Mar. 20
White Star Line, Majestic	Mar. 27
North Ger. Lloyd, Trave	Mar. 19
Northe Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Mar. 26
Anchor Line, Circassia	Mar. 23
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Apr. 6
Red Star Line, Rhyniand	Mar. 20
Red Star Line, Westernland	Mar. 27
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Mar. 16

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, - Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles.....

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Tuesday Ev'g & Wednesday Matinee

March 12th and 13th.

Under the distinguished patronage of Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Dewdney,

REV. H. R. HAWEIS, M.A.,

Incumbent St. James' Church, Marylebone, London,

PREACHER, AUTHOR, LECTURER.

Subject, Tuesday Evening:

"MUSIC, The Art of the Age."

An Exercise in Music and Morals, with violin illustrations.

Wednesday Matinee at 3:30 p.m.

"MUSIC AND NOISE,"

With experiments on Chinese Gong, Tuning Fork, Penny Whistle and Violin.

Admission Tuesday evening, 50c., no extra charge for reserved seats. Matinee Wednesday, 25c.; no reserved seats. m7-6t

Sons of Erin Concert.

At the VICTORIA THEATRE

Saturday, March 16, 1895,

Commencing at 8 p.m.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor.

So far the following well known favorites have been secured:

MISS AGNEW, MRS. ROWLANDS,
MRS. ARCHER MARTIN,
MESSRS. W. R. HIGGINS, ASPLAND,
J. G. BROWN, ROWLANDS, BUCK,
AND RICHARDSON.

Tickets 25c. and 50c. Reserved seats, 75c. Plan of Theatre at Jamieson's.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Liberal Association.

A meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association will be held on MONDAY EVENING, 12th inst., at 8 o'clock, in Philharmonic Hall, Fort street.

A full attendance of members is requested, as business of importance is to be transacted.

J. T. BETHUNE, Secy.

BRITISH COLUMBIA PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME,

Hillside Avenue, Victoria, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that the twenty-second annual meeting of the subscribers to the above institution will be held in the committee room at the City Hall, Victoria, on Friday, March 15th, 1895, at 8 p.m., to receive the reports of the retiring officers, to elect a committee of management for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may be lawfully brought before such meeting.

Donations and subscriptions for 1894 forwarded to the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. James Hutcheson, on or before Thursday, the 14th inst., will be acknowledged in his report.

JOHN JESSOP,
Hon. Secretary.

m8-td

Victoria Building Society.

The 43rd Drawing for an Appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street, opposite View street, on Saturday, the 9th March, 1895, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

Mr4-td

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.

Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.

18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

Calendars! Calendars! Calendars!

Finest Selection in the City. Ten Varieties.

One given with every pair of boots.

Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.

Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample found) are fine goods.

Some of the Babies' Goods still on hand.

Old Country Boot Store,

91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.

JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

WELLINGTON COAL

$6.50 PER TON

SWINERTON & ODDY,

110 Government Street.